The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII—NO. 3912. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1864. PRICE THREE CENTS.

REBEL PRIVATEERS.

The New Rebel Iron-Clads in France.

One Vessel Launched—Others in Rapid Progress.

The French Authorities Deny that They Are for the Rebels.

Correspondence, Official and Unofficial, on the Subject.

OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENCE.

A Rebel Pirate Launched at Bordeaux—The Georgia at the Same Port—The Napoleonmith at Nantes.

PARIS, Tuesday, March 29, 1864.

One of the vessels built at BORDEAUX BY M. ARMAN Deputy in the Corps Legislatif, for the Confederate Government, was launched on Thursday last, and shows herself on the water to be a most beautiful specimen of naval architecture. An English vessel is lying in the same port with all the accessory equipments on board for the new vessel, the articles having been put on board the English vessel at HAVRE. The new vessel will not be ready to sail yet for some weeks, and she is authoritatively announced in advertisements as being "up" for Shanghai. M. ARMAN, however, has been compelled by the French Government to give his word that none of the vessels he is building shall pass from his late Confederate hands, or, in a general way, that no trouble shall come to the Government from these vessels. It is on this promise of M. ARMAN that the French and American Governments rely, and on which permission is granted for the continuance of the work on them. The two frigates will not be ready for launching yet for three months, but the other three wooden vessels will soon follow their consorts into the water. It is hoped that by some ingenious means these vessels may finally pass into Confederate hands.

The *Georgia*, which left the French port of Cherbourg over a month ago, has yet put into the port of Bordeaux, and on Saturday the officers of the recent visitor the newly-launched Confederate ship. It is yet unexplained why the *Georgia* was allowed to re-enter a French port, contrary to the new regulation requiring an interval of three months to elapse between each entry, but I believe this new regulation makes an exception in the three months' rule in favor of coaling; but for this purpose only twenty-four hours is allowed, and the *Georgia* seems to be making more than a twenty-four hours' stay at Bordeaux.

The distance from Bordeaux to the sea is seventy miles, and the occasion seems so good a one to warn the *Georgia*, that the American Minister at Paris immediately telegraphed Capt. WINSLOW of the fact, and the *Kearsarge*, which lately has been stationed in the channel, has by this time probably arrived off the mouth of the Gironde. The twenty-four hours' start will be here allowed, of course, to the *Georgia*, but the exit from the river is narrow in comparison to other harbors, and it is easier to keep informed of the movements of the blockaded vessel in a river than in an open bay.

The French Government, finding that there was an intention on the part of the Confederates to run the Napoleonmith out of the port of Calais and let her go to sea, as they did at Bordeaux, with French leave, have fastened the vessel to a dock, and placed a man-of-war in front of it. MALAKOFF.

THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE IRON-CLADS—OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

The following article, which we translate from the columns of the *Opinion Nationale* (Paris) throws considerable light upon the question of the construction of rebel iron-clad cruisers in the ports of France, and in fact leaves but little doubt that the Government of the Emperor at least knows more of the matter than it chooses to tell:

From the Opinion Nationale, March 26.

Lord John RUSSELL has repeatedly declared in the House of Lords, that the construction of the *Alabama* and several other Confederate cruisers, was a scandal and a disgrace to England. Whether in this he expressed his real sentiments, or merely sought to excuse the feeling of extreme irritation manifested by the United States against England, it is at least certain that, for a year past, he has shown himself inflexible in reference to the construction of these vessels.

Consequently the Confederates have directed their applications to France, and, by way of a beginning, have ordered a whole squadron, guns, shell, ball, &c., and Messrs. ARMAN, of BORDEAUX, and VEUVE, of Nantes, more audacious than Mr. LAIRD, of Liverpool, have undertaken to deliver, at the expiration of ten months, several vessels of war, completely equipped and ready for action. These vessels were, ostensibly, intended for the establishment of a line between China, Japan, and San Francisco, but their real destination was soon discovered, and Mr. DAYTON hastened to enter his protest before M. DROUYN DE LHUYS, the moment he succeeded in getting possession of undeniable proofs.

The principal documentary documents, to the number of ten, were transmitted to M. DROUYN DE LHUYS on the 23d of September, 1863. Two first, in order of date, is a letter addressed on the 18th of June last by Mr. ARMAN to Mr. VEUVE. Mr. ARMAN acknowledges having received from Mr. BULLOCH, a Captain in the Confederate navy, and special agent of the Richmond Government, the sum of 720,000 francs, the amount of the first fifth due for two vessels he is constructing at Bordeaux, while, at the same time, Mr. VEUVE is causing two others to be constructed at Nantes by Messrs. JOUANE, RAMIE and BOUREAU. These four vessels had been in progress of construction since the 15th of April, 1863, and by the 1st of June Mr. ARMAN had asked authority of the Minister of the Marine to arm them.

Documents Nos. 2 and 3 are two letters, one of the 14th and the other of the 17th July last, in which Mr. VEUVE, Sr., informs Mr. VEUVE, Jr., that Capts. BULLOCH and ANSLEY, accompanied by Mr. BRAVEBOY, had departed on the 13th of July for Bordeaux, and that they had signed a contract, by virtue of which Mr. ARMAN undertakes to build two iron-clad vessels in addition to the four not iron-clad. Moreover, it appears from these two letters that they were entirely engaged in the foundries of Mr. VEUVE, Sr., in casting, on account of the Confederate Government, guns, ball and shell. A certain number of these guns and ball had been ordered by Mr. BLANKEY of London, but the rest were specially intended for the outfit of vessels in progress of construction at Nantes and Bordeaux. If there yet remained any doubt in the matter, it would be dispelled by letters 4 and 5, addressed by Messrs. ARMAN and VEUVE to the Minister of the Marine.

The French Government, having only very inaccurate information relative to the destination of these vessels and the use to be made of their armament, had furnished Mr. VEUVE with every facility desirable for the fulfillment of his contract.

On the 6th of October, Mr. DAYTON brought to the attention of M. DROUYN DE LHUYS fresh proofs, among others a copy of a contract signed July 16, 1863, wherein Mr. ARMAN agrees to Mr. BULLOCH to construct two iron-clad vessels, and a copy of an agreement, dated on the 17th of September, in which Mr. VEUVE promises to furnish Capt. BULLOCH with 50 pieces of cannon and 12,000 shell.

At length, in a last letter not less explicit than the preceding ones, Mr. ARMAN proposes to Mr. MAURY, "Rear-Admiral of the Confederate States of America," to construct, on short notice, six new iron-clad gunboats, according to the plans communicated to him by Mr. JANSSON, and he agrees, moreover, to furnish in one month after the signature of the contract, proof that he has in hand the authority necessary for the delivery of the armament destined to be placed on board of the gunboats.

After having taken note of all the documents we have cited, M. DROUYN DE LHUYS addressed to Mr. DAYTON the following dispatch:

PARIS, Oct. 15, 1863.

SIR: You have done me the honor to address me with the purpose of calling my attention to agreements that have been entered into in France for the construction and delivery of several vessels-of-war to the recorded States. You have expressed the desire that the official authorization accorded for the armament of these vessels might be withdrawn, and that the Government of the Emperor might take such measures as it should deem advisable to prevent the completion and delivery of the vessels in question. I lose no time in submitting this matter to the colleague of the Department of the Marine, commending it particularly to his attention. I think I cannot do better than to transmit to you, a copy of the reply he has addressed to me. The only information received by the Department of the Marine up to that moment, in relation to the operations in question, was not, as you will perceive, of a nature to permit of arresting them. It is then only by the information which he shall obtain by the aid of the documents that you have brought to my notice that Monsieur the COMTE CHASSELOUP-LAUBAT shall be able to judge of the measures to be taken conformably with our declaration of neutrality.

Accept the assurances, &c.

DROUYN DE LHUYS.

Then follows the letter of the Minister of the Marine to M. DROUYN DE LHUYS:

MONSIEUR AU MINISTRE: APRÈS DIRE COMMERCE: You did me the honor to communicate to me, of the 15th of September last, a copy, with its accompanying papers, of a letter of the Minister of the United States at Paris, relating to the agreements concluded by Messrs. ARMAN and VEUVE for the construction and delivery of several vessels of war to the Confederate States. In calling my attention to the gravity of the matter, you express regret that my department should not have thought proper to come to an understanding with the Department of Foreign Affairs before giving to Mr. ARMAN the authority to arm his vessels with twelve 30-pounders. As the authority asked for by Mr. ARMAN, which was indispensable to him, according to the terms of the ordinance of July 12, 1861, I did not think that I ought to refuse it, after having received his declaration, so proven by his correspondence with my department, that the vessels in progress of construction in his ship-yards were destined for service in the China seas and in the Pacific, between China, Japan and San Francisco.

I could not, after this declaration, and knowing that the vessels of commerce which navigate that portion of the globe, are always furnished with a certain armament for defence against pirates, I could not, I say, deny the request of Mr. ARMAN nor refuse to Mr. VEUVE the authority to cast the balls destined to form such armament. This latter authorization was in consequence of that given to the builder to furnish his vessels with artillery.

My department, in this matter, has conformed to precedents. It could only rely upon the declarations of Messrs. ARMAN and VEUVE, and could not be held responsible for illegal operations. I am, however, about to call upon Messrs. ARMAN and VEUVE for explanations in reference to the fact you have mentioned to me, and you may rest assured, Monsieur and dear colleague, that the Department of the Marine will continue, as it has hitherto done, to neglect nothing that may be needful in accordance with the desire of the Emperor and the declaration of his Government to ensure the observance of the strictest neutrality in all that relates to the war which now desolates America.

Accept, &c.,

COUNT P. DE CHASSELOUP-LAUBAT.

Messrs. ARMAN and VEUVE, again interrogated by the Minister of the Marine, denied the existence of the documents transmitted by Mr. DAYTON to M. DROUYN DE LHUYS, and, persisting in their first declaration, once more affirmed that the vessels in progress of construction at Nantes and Bordeaux were destined for the Chinese Seas. But the proofs which they, in their turn, were required to furnish were apparently inconclusive, since, upon the 23d of October, M. DROUYN DE LHUYS wrote to Mr. DAYTON the following letter:

PARIS, Oct. 22, 1863.

SIR: I have the honor to announce to you that the Minister of the Marine has just informed Mr. VEUVE that the authorization to arm four vessels in progress of construction at Nantes and Bordeaux has been withdrawn from him. Mr. ARMAN has also been notified, and his attention has been called to the responsibility he incurs in committing acts which are in opposition to our declaration of June 10, 1861.

These facts, I hastily, Sir, in the scrupulous care applied by the Government of the Emperor in the observance of a strict neutrality. It is in order to give to your Government a renewed proof of our disposition in this respect that we have not hesitated to take into consideration the information, the authenticity of which you have affirmed to me.

Accept, &c., DROUYN DE LHUYS.

One might believe that this last letter of M. DROUYN DE LHUYS terminated the diplomatic difficulty which we have just summed up, and, indeed, for a month or two the construction of the iron-clad vessels and those not iron-clad was suspended; but if we are correctly informed, the work has, *long since, been resumed*, and two, at least, of these vessels are ready for delivery to the Confederate agents.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

Arrival of the Creole—Affairs on the Rio Grande.

The steamer *Creole*, from New-Orleans 6th, has arrived. Her news is mostly anticipated via Cairo.

Admiral FARRAGUT was in the city.

The *Era* stated that the Liberals, under CORTINAS, had defeated VIDAURRI at Monterey, Mexico.

French war vessels were taking soundings at the mouth of the Rio Grande.

CORTINAS had returned to Matamoras, and expressed his determination to defend it to the last extremity.

A force had been sent to Bagdad, at the mouth of the Rio Grande, to oppose the French, and throw up defensive works.

Ten thousand bales of cotton had been ferried over the river at Eagle Pass within a month, and were being hauled down to Matamoras for shipment.

At New-Orleans cotton had advanced 2 cents. Middling coarse at 71 cents. Sugar and molasses higher.

The bark *Captain Stewart* was ashore on the bar at the mouth of the Mississippi.

The prize schooner *Mary C. Reeder* had arrived from off Galveston.

Seven negroes had been tried for the murder of the family of Mr. NEFF, near Fort Hudson, in January, and three of them condemned to be hung.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS VIA CAIRO.

CAIRO, Wednesday, April 13.

The following dispatch per steamer *Glens Falls* failed to reach your correspondent's hands till to-day:

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, April 6.

The ceremonies of dedicating Liberty Hall, named and erected by Gen. BANKS, took place this morning. They were most impressive. Rev. J. P. NEWMAN, of New-York, was Master of Ceremonies.

The Louisiana Constitutional Convention met at Liberty Hall, at 12 o'clock. ALCEE BLAY was chosen President *pro tem*. A Committee on Credentials was selected, and the Convention adjourned till 12 o'clock to-morrow.

A brilliant fight recently took place at Pontchatoula between the Thirtieth and Fourteenth Cavalry and the Fifty-seventh Alabama Cavalry, (?) in which the rebels were almost annihilated in a hand-to-hand encounter with sabres.

Mrs. Gen. BANKS, escorted by the ladies of New-Orleans, designed giving a series of tableaux at the Opera House on Wednesday, for the benefit of the soldiers' orphans and widows.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA AT HALIFAX.

The Rebel Pirate Georgia Fitting Out in the River Gironne.

Publication of the Correspondence in the Chesapeake Case.

The Prussians Laying Regular Siege to Duppel.

Revolt Among the Hungarian Troops in the Austrian Army.

The Proposed Conference Agreed Upon by All Parties.

Maximilian and His Interminable Difficulties.

HALIFAX, Thursday, April 14.

The R. M. steamship *Asia*, Capt. MOTTLE, which left Liverpool at 2 P. M. of the 2d, and Queenstown 3d, arrived at Halifax at 10 o'clock this forenoon.

The *Asia* has fifty-seven passengers for Halifax and forty-four for Boston.

She has had heavy weather nearly the entire passage, and was eighteen hours off the harbor in a fog.

The steamship *Bavaria*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the evening of the 1st inst.

The steamship *Australasian*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown on the morning of the 2d inst.

The Federal steamer *Kearsarge* has gone into Victoria Dock, London, for repairs.

The latest advices from the steamer *City of New-York* are more encouraging. Divers report that with the exception of one hole underneath her, near forward bunker, she appears to have sustained slight injury. She continues firm and upright on the reef, and it is hoped, if the weather continues favorable, she will again be got afloat. Preparations to lift her are almost complete, and the weather at present is excellent for the work. More of her cargo had been got out.

The Inman line has been reinforced by the purchase of a new steamer, to be called the *City of Dublin*. She is 2,000 tons burden, and will immediately be put on the line.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

THE REBEL PIRATES.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says: "The rebel cruiser *Georgia* is refitting in the Garonne, not being allowed to anchor in front of Bordeaux, in consequence of the port regulations excluding ships with powder on board.

"It was reported that the *Georgia* had burnt the ship *William Crosslee*, of New-York, recently from Bordeaux, but the crew of the *Georgia* would give no information on the subject.

The correspondence relative to the *Chesapeake* case is published, but it adds nothing of material interest to what is already known.

In this correspondence Mr. SEWARD apologizes for any violation of British jurisdiction, and acknowledges the justice and impartiality of the British officials and of the courts of Nova Scotia.

Lord LYONS accepts of the apology in the spirit that it is offered, and rejoices that the matter is settled in a manner so honorable to both parties, and calculated to improve the friendly relations between the two Powers.

ANGLO-REBEL NEWS.

The London *Times* has recommenced the publication of letters from its secession correspondent "S.," of Liverpool, who paints in as strong colors as ever the prospects of the rebels. He thinks that really the decisive struggle has come now, and that it is beyond the reach of gunboats.

ENGLAND.

BRITISH REVENUE.

The British revenue for the year ending March 31, was £70,200,000 pounds sterling, or within £400,000 of the preceding year, notwithstanding that more than £3,000,000 was taken off in taxation. The monthly returns continue to show a great increase in the revenue.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

An adjourned meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company took place on the 1st inst. The contract with Messrs. GLASS, ELLIOTT & Co., to manufacture and lay the cable, was explained as agreed upon, and a resolution was unanimously passed approving of the contract. The Chairman predicted that within eighteen months the great work would be in successful operation.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

MAXIMILIAN'S DIFFICULTIES.

In regard to the Mexican question, several French journals assert that the difficulty relative to the departure of MAXIMILIAN for Mexico will shortly be arranged.

The *Oesterreichische Zeitung*, of Vienna, says negotiations between MAXIMILIAN and the Emperor of Austria were brought to a favorable issue on the 31st, and the Archduke's formal acceptance of the Mexican crown may be expected very shortly.

It was stated that MARCHMONT NEDDY Gen. FAGHAMA to Vienna to smooth down the difficulties between MAXIMILIAN and the Emperor of Austria.

THE DANISH WAR.

THE SIEGE OF DUPPEL.

The Prussians, on the night of the 30th, succeeded in opening the first parallel before Duppel, without molestation from the Danes.

It is officially announced that the Danes occupied Hornsund on the 26th.

A Trieste telegram asserts that the Austrian frigate *Don Juan* will join the fleet in the North Sea in a week.

THE CONFERENCE.

The fifth part of the correspondence relative to Denmark has been published by the British Government, and brings matters down to the present time.

It appears from this correspondence that the proposal for a conference has been accepted by all parties, and will, probably, says the *Times*, lead to a settlement of the dispute, unless warlike measures are too much excited by events taking place before Duppel.

The *Daily News* says the correspondence sufficiently shows that no preparation whatever has been made for a conference, and if the Emperor Maximilian has only half the sagacity for which he gets the credit, he will be able easily to transform it into the Congress which he proposed last November, with the additional gratification of seeing it convened by the very statesman who defeated it before.

REVOLT IN THE AUSTRIAN ARMY.

The London *Times* gives partial credit to the report of an extensive attempt at revolt among the Hungarian troops arrayed against Denmark. The Austrian army broke up from before Fredericia in an unaccountable manner, and the dissatisfaction of the troops may have been the cause. The *Times* fears that the report of the wholesale executions of the Hungarian troops is untrue.

FRANCE.

The French news is unimportant.

The Senate was quiet on the 31st, for the Session.

RUSSIA AND POLAND.

A review of the Imperial Guard had taken place at St. Petersburgh in honor of the anniversary of the entry of the Allies into Paris.

The *Invalide Russe* accuses the Wallachian Minister of openly sympathizing with and tolerating revolutionary Poles.

HUNGARY.

It was stated that the military organization of Hungary by the revolutionary party was progressing on the basis of a former regimental list of the National Guards.

Prince COZEL, under Austrian measures, is said to have consented to take measures against the Hungarian and Polish refugees in the Principalities.

BRAZIL.

The Brazil mails had reached Lisbon, bringing the following dates:

RIO DE JANEIRO, Thursday, March 10.

COFFEE 7,000@7,400. Stock, 65,000 bags.

BAHIA, Sunday, March 13.

SUGAR 2,000@3,000 for Whites, and 2,000@2,000 for Browns.

PERNAMBUCO, Tuesday, March 15.

SUGAR, 2,000@3,000 for Whites and 2,000 for Browns.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The funds were steady. The demand for discount at the bank's quotation was very heavy, the bank being the principal source of circulation. Third bankers' house of JOHN, LAURIE & CO. are to be amalgamated with the London and Westminster Joint Stock Bank.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 2.

TRADE REPORT.—The Market ruled dull and prices had downward.

BREADSTUFFS.—RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. and COOPER, SPENCE & Co. report: Flour very dull on Friday and prices declined. Wheat quiet and continued nearly unchanged: Red Western, 7s. 10d.@8s. 2d.; White, 8s. 2d.@8s. 6d. Corn dull and 1@2d. lower: M. Mixed, 5s. 3d. Provisions.—RICHARDS, AVERY & Co. and WATTS, BLACK & Co. report: Beef dull and partially 2s. 6d. lower. Pork.—Sales small and prices 1s. 6d. lower. Bacon.—Sales small and prices 1s. 6d. lower. Bacon quiet and tending upward. Lard firm. Bacon quiet and steady. Butter steady.

E. BADGER, Chemist, reports: Ashes inactive at 30s. for Pots and Pearls. Sugar active and firmer. Coffee firm. Rice quiet and steady. Linseed inactive and 3d. 6d. higher. Linseed Oil firm. Sperm Oil dull and tending downward. Cod Oil, £54. Spirits Turpentine steady. Rosin steady.

BREADSTUFFS.—Richardson, Spence & Co. report: Petroleum steady at 1s. 6d. Sales of 5,000 for Refined, and 436 bls. for Crude.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.

BARIED's Circular reports: Breadstuffs dull but steady and unchanged. Rice quiet. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee quiet and steady. Tea dull. Tallow firm. Rosin steady. Spirits Turpentine 2s. 6d. Linseed Oil quiet at 36s. 6d.@37s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine inactive: Wheat, 8s. Petroleum quiet at 2d. for Crude and 1s. 10d. for refined.

American Securities inactive.

Consols closed on Friday at 89½@89¾ for money.

Bullion in the Bank decreased £18,000.

LATEST MARKETS VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 2—Evening.

COTTON—Sales, to-day, 6,000 bales, including 1,500 to speculators and exporters. Market quiet and unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS inactive and drooping.

PROVISIONS—Steady and quiet.

LONDON, Saturday, April 2—Evening.

Consols for money, 89¾. Illinois Central Shares, 11¼@11½ discount; Erie Shares, 37¼@39¼.

HAVRE, Friday, April 1.

COTTON—Sales of the week, 6,000 bales. Market dull, and quotations barely maintained. New-Orleans fair ordinaire, 90c.; ordinaire, 88c. Stock, 89,000 bales.

LATEST PER ASIA VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Sunday, April 3—P. M.

The political news is unimportant.

SOUTHAMPTON, Saturday Evening, April 2.

A telegram announcing the arrival of the Rupert, with GARIBALDI on board, off Hurst Castle, is momentarily expected. On its receipt, signal guns will be fired, the town flag will be hoisted, and peals rung from the church bells. The Mayor and Corporation will receive the General at the dock, and present the address. The General and his friends will then proceed in open carriages to the residence of the Mayor, preceded by bands of music, and will be entertained by His Worship. The Mayor of Bristol and gentlemen from Newcastle, Glasgow and other towns have arrived as deputations to invite the General to visit these towns. The town is in a state of excitement, and all the hotels are filled.

The *Militia Service Gazette* says:

"The Channel Squadron is under orders to prepare for sea."

QUEENSTOWN, Sunday Evening, April 3.

There is no change in the position of the steamship *City of New-York*. She still lies firmly imbedded on Cunard's Rock. Preparations on a large scale are being made, and strong hopes are now entertained of being able to float her.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday Evening, April 2.

The Brazilian Government has accepted the mediation of Portugal in the dispute with England.

The Norwegian Storthing has been closed. The King, in his speech, said that Sweden, jointly with the other Powers, would endeavor to obtain peace, but at the same time was prepared to render assistance to Denmark against an overpowering force.

It is reported that the whole municipality of Flensburg has been dismissed. An extraordinary war tax has been imposed on Flensburg, and it is likely will be levied on other towns in Schleswig.

BUENOS AYRES, Saturday, Feb. 27.

Exchange, 47¾. Dry American hides, 26@40. Wool, fine qualities, firm. Middling to defective, weaker.

MONTEVIDEO, Monday, Feb. 29.

The installation of the new President passed off quietly. Exchange, 48¾.

PARIS, Saturday, April 2—P. M.

The Bourse is dull. Rentes closed at 86f. 85c.

NEWS FROM THE SOUTH.

The Rebel Morgan About to Undertake a Bold Raid—Political Libels in North Carolina.

NEWBERN, N. C., Monday, April 11.

The Raleigh *Confederate* says: "Gen. MORGAN is about to undertake one of the boldest expeditions he has ever yet made, which, if successful, will be productive of great good to our cause."

The *Confederate* also says: "A very malicious libel, published at the office of the suspended *Standard*, under the auspices of Dr. J. T. LEACH, Congressman elect, and Mr. HOLDEN, candidate for Governor, has been put in circulation. It is styled: 'An Appendix to the Life and Times of DUNCAN K. MCRAE,' and is a reproduction of a slander issued in London by Mr. GEORGE N. SANDERS."

The editor says: "I have received a copy of the publication, and shall act upon the advice of counsel as to what tribunal I shall look for justice to myself and my accusers."

Bacon is selling in Raleigh at 35 per lb.; butter, 40; corn, $27 50 per bushel; eggs, 25 per dozen; flour, $250 per bbl.; molasses, $30 per gallon; potatoes, $15 per bushel; salt, $1 per lb.; sugar, $25 per lb.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON PADUCAH.

A Surrender Demanded and Refused—One Hour to Remove the Women and Children.

CAIRO, Thursday, April 14.

Another demand was made this afternoon for the surrender of Paducah, giving one hour for the removal of women and children. Capt. RUSS declined to surrender, and prepared to meet the anticipated attack.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, April 14.

The steamer *New-York* returned from City Point this morning, bringing neither news nor prisoners, the entire fleet being in sight in the James River as to prevent communication with Richmond.

A Richmond paper of a recent date announces the destruction of the steamer *Maple Leaf* by a rebel torpedo, forty miles above Jacksonville, Fla.

The sixty women and children taken up on the steamer *New-York* were landed at City Point, and we learn that they had to pay $75 each in Confederate money for hack-hire from that place to Petersburgh, a distance of nine miles.

The steamer *Col. Rucker*, Capt. BAIN, arrived to-day from Newbern, N. C. At 1 P. M. yesterday spoke steamer *Wheind*, searching for the disabled steamer *Scott*. They had spoken the steamer *Ariage*, which reported the steamer *Scott* 25 miles east of Boston Island, on the 6th inst. The steamers *United States* and *Silas G. Pierce* have also gone in search of the disabled steamer.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE LONG EXPULSION CASE FINISHED.

A RESOLUTION OF CENSURE ADOPTED.

A Bill in the Senate to Prohibit Speculation in Gold.

Passage of the Naval Appropriation Bill.

NEBRASKA TO FORM A STATE GOVERNMENT.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 14.

GEN. GRANT'S MOVEMENTS.

Lieut.-Gen. GRANT has been engaged most of to-day in the War Department. He will leave to-morrow morning for the front. He seems highly pleased with the Army of the Potomac. It never was in better condition, and in eager for the conflict.

THE TAX BILL.

The Ways and Means Committee could not allow the press to have a synopsis of the new Tax Bill. It was hurried off to the printer and will not be returned before Monday.

ANOTHER GOLD BILL.

The Gold Bill attempted to be introduced from the Ways and Means Committee is intended to be preliminary to its operations. It will not pass the House. It is similar to the old bill which the committee have had under consideration for several weeks.

ASSIGNMENT OF SURGEONS.

Surgeons J. T. HEARD and A. L. COX have been ordered to report to the Army of the Cumberland. Lieut.-Col. F. P. VOLTZ, Medical Inspector United States Army, will take station at Helena, Ark., and from thence inspect within Department of Arkansas.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 14.

THE DAY'S PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

The galleries of the House, were, if possible, more densely crowded to-day than on any previous occasion during the debate on the resolution in relation to Mr. LONG. Many ladies were accommodated in the reporters' gallery. The seats outside the bar of the House were all filled up. Some of the Senators remained throughout the entire proceedings. There were indications of bad temper on the part of several members, and all of them were evidently intensely earnest on the subject before them.

A REVIEW IN THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Accounts from the Army of the Potomac say the Third Division of the Second Corps, commanded by Gen. REYNOLDS, was reviewed to-day by Gen. HANCOCK, and presented a splendid appearance. Gen. MEADE was present, and complimented the division and its Commander. After the review, the Generals partook of refreshments with Jesse M. BOYD, at his invitation, and afterward with Gen. BURNSIDE. The day was beautiful.

THE NEW TAX BILL.

Representative MORRILL to-day reported a new Tax Bill, very long, reconstructing the machinery of the present law, remedying the defects, insuring more uniformity in the system of internal revenue to prevent evasions, and increasing the taxes generally. The further consideration of the subject was postponed until Tuesday.

THE GOLD SPECULATION BILL.

The bill reported by Senator SUMNER to-day and by Representative SPERRY provides that all gold and silver sales termed time sales, without actual delivery, shall, on the passage of the act, be absolutely void, and the penalty for offending against the law shall be a fine of from $1,000 to $10,000, or imprisonment for one year, or both.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

Capt. John P. Hawkins, Commissary of Subsistence, U. S. A., April 13, 1863.

TO BE BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

Col. Edward A. Wilde, of the Thirty-fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, April 20, 1863.

Col. William Birney, of the Second Regiment, U. S. Colored Troops, May 23, 1863.

Col. A. L. Chetlain, of the Twelfth Illinois Volunteers, Dec. 18, 1862.

Col. William A. Pile, of the Thirty-third Missouri Volunteers, Dec. 29, 1862.

Austin Wiley, of California, to be Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the District of California, under the Act of Congress approved April 8, 1864.

John G. Pratt, of Kansas, to be Indian Agent for the Delaware Agency.

CHANGES IN NAVAL COMMANDS.

Lieut.-Commander JOHN H. RUSSELL has been detached from ordnance duty in Washington, and ordered to the command of the *Conemaugh*, vice Commander A. K. HOWARD, awaiting orders.

Lieut.-Commander JAMES SHERMAN is detached from special duty at New-York, and ordered to the command of the *Pawtuxet*, vice Lieut.-Commander Geo. BACON, detached, awaiting orders.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

Gen. GRANT was at headquarters, and in consultation with the President this morning. He is not expected to leave for the army before to-morrow.

REBELS IN THE MOUNTAINS.

A FENIAN proclaim, but no credit is given to it, that the rebels have recently been seen in the Blue Ridge.

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The amount of subscriptions reported at the Treasury Department to-day for the Ten-Forty Loan was $2,664,000.

ARMORED DANLGREN AGAIN UNSUCCESSFUL.

The steamer *Harvest Moon* has arrived from Fortress Monroe with Admiral DAHLGREN, who has again been unsuccessful in obtaining the body of his son.

ACTING SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

During the absence of Mr. CHASE in New-York, Hon. GEORGE HARRINGTON is acting Secretary of the Treasury.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 14.

THE FLORIDA EXPEDITION.

Mr. ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, (Union,) moved the printing of 2,000 copies of the report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, in reference to the late Florida Expedition. Adopted.

THE HUDSON'S BAY CLAIMS.

The bill to carry into effect the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, for the final settlement of the claims of the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, was taken up and passed.

COMMERCIAL INTERCOURSE IN INSURRECTIONARY STATES.

Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, (Union,) introduced a bill in addition to the several acts in relation to commercial intercourse between the loyal and insurrectionary States; providing for the collection of abandoned property; authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to designate places where the abandoned property may be sold; charging agents with the leasing of abandoned lands and the employment and general welfare of all persons formerly held as slaves within the military lines; and regarding that property as abandoned from which the owner is absent and engaged in the rebel service, the surplus proceeds, after defraying expenses, under the regulations of the Secretary, to be paid into the Treasury; the prohibitions and provisions of the act of July, 1862, are extended to all commercial intercourse whatever within the military lines. Any portion of a loyal State overrun by rebel raids, or in immediate danger from them, is placed under restrictions by the act. The present mode of distributing fines and forfeitures to informers and collectors is to be changed to an award of the court decreeing the condemnation. No property taken on inland waters shall be subject to maritime prizes. It authorizes the appointment of agents to purchase the products of the insurrectionary districts at a price not greater than the market value, or three-fourths value at New-York, the proceeds to be paid into the Treasury, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to arrange the details of the management of such property. The bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

THE RIGHT OF SOLDIERS TO VOTE—RESOLUTIONS OF THE NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

Mr. MORGAN, of New-York, (Union,) presented the joint resolutions of the Legislature of New-York, as follows:

Resolved, That Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State be, and they are hereby requested to make all necessary exertion to secure legislative recognition by Congress of the right of all volunteers in the two years' service, from this State who, since the close of the present year, may have been in the service, and shall be discharged with their respective regiments, or military quently thereto, from the service of the United States, to receive the bounty of $100, provided and provided by the general order of the War Department of May 4, 1861, and subsequently by the Act of Congress of July 22, 1861.

LAND AID TO PACIFIC RAILROADS.

Mr. HARLAN, of Oregon, (Union,) from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill granting to railroad and telegraph lines from Kansas, via Council Grove, to a point on the Pacific Branch Road near Fort Riley, alternate sections of land for ten sections on each side of the road; authorizing a change of route via Lawrence and Wallarusa Valley, to run from Lawrence to Kansas.

NEBRASKA STATE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Union,) called up the bill to enable the people of Nebraska to form a Constitution and State Government, preparatory to admission into the Union.

The bill was passed.

THE NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The consideration of the Naval Appropriation Bill for the year ending June 30, 1864, was resumed.

An amendment from the Naval Committee, striking out an appropriation of $15,000 for a naval and marine cemetery near Philadelphia, was adopted.

The amendment of Mr. GRIMES, returning the Naval Academy to Annapolis before September, 1864, which had been adopted in Committee of the Whole, came up for a separate vote.

Mr. ANTHONY moved as a substitute for the amendment, that the Secretary of the Navy appoint a board of five naval officers to examine and report upon the most suitable place for the Naval Academy.

After considerable debate, the substitute was rejected, and the amendment of Mr. GRIMES adopted, yeas 30; nays 10.

Mr. POWELL, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) renewed his amendment of Tuesday, repealing the Iowa Districts.

Mr. HALE, of New-York, (Union,) said he had voted for the amendment, but on the assurance of the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. WADE,) that it would precede it as an amendment to the Revenue Bill, he should now vote against it.

Mr. POWELL, on the assurance that had been made, withdrew his amendment, to be did not wish to embarrass the friends of the Navy Appropriation Bill.

The bill was then passed.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. HALE, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) from the Naval Committee, reported the House bill fixing the date of the loss of the brig *Bainbridge*, and for the relief of the officers, seamen and marines of the same. Passed.

The joint resolution of thanks to Admiral DUPONT was passed.

Mr. HALE presented the House joint resolution concerning officers in the navy, which was passed after amendment. The amendment authorizes only the appointment by the Secretary of the Navy of temporary Lieutenant-Commanders on the same footing as others of the grade.

Mr. HALE reported the House bill, amending the act of July 16, 1862, equalizing the grade of line officers in the navy.

After an amendment providing that no officer lower than a Commander should be retired, the bill passed.

MONTANA.

Mr. WADE reported from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill enabling the people of Montana to form a Territorial Government. The report was adopted.

The bill to charter the Montana Hall Association in the District of Columbia, was passed.

PROHIBITION OF GOLD SPECULATION.

Mr. SUMNER, of Ohio, (Union,) from the Finance Committee, reported a substitute for bill 104. It provides that it shall be unlawful to make any contracts for the purchase or sale, or loan, or delivery of any gold coin or bullion, or of foreign exchange at any time subsequent to making of contract or for the payment of any sum, fixed or contingent, in default of the delivery of said coin, &c. It provides, also, that bona fide owners in actual possession should make a contract for the sale of gold, and forbids any banker or broker, or other person to make sale of gold coin or bullion, or foreign exchange, or to make contracts for any such purchase or sale at other than their ordinary places of business. All contracts violative of the act are void. The penalties for contribution are a fine of not more than $10,000, nor less than $1,000; or imprisonment for not less than three months, nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

The Senate then went into Executive Session, and shortly afterward adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 14.

RIGHT SPEECHES.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, (Union,) asked leave to offer a resolution that, until otherwise ordered, the House will each day take a recess from 4½ till 7 o'clock, for the purpose of hearing night speeches for the transaction of business.

Objection was made from the Opposition side.

THE EXPULSION OF MR. LONG.

The House resumed consideration of the resolution to expel Mr. LONG.

Mr. ROGERS, of New-Jersey, (Dem.,) opposed the resolution, contending that free speech had been recognized by the Commons of England from their immemorial. A man has a right here to advocate such doctrine as will the better secure liberty to themselves and property. He was not here to vindicate the sentiments of the gentleman from

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 14, 1864.

$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81 Coup.	112	200	Harlem R.	17½
$1,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg	115¾	100	do	17¾
$1,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Coup.	115	100	do	17⅝
	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, Reg		100	do	17⅝
$2,000	U. S. 6s, '65, Coup.	113⅝	100	do	17⅝
$1,000	U. S. 6s, '67, Coup.	113	100	do	17⅝
$1,000	U. S. 6s, '68, Coup.	113	100	do	17⅝
$1,000	U. S. 6s, '74, Coup.	108	100	do	17⅝
$2,000	Tres. Notes 7 3-10		200	do	17⅝
	B'ds., Oct. & Apr.	114	100	do	17⅝
			200	Long Island R.	26
$1,000	N. Y. City, G. Stock	114¾	1100	Reading R.	142⅝
$1,000	U. S. 6s, 1867	113¾	200	do	142⅝
$1,000	Tenn. 6s, '90	61	1000	do	142
			100	do	141⅞
			100	do	141⅞
			2100	Mich. Cent. R.	136⅝
			100	do	136⅝
			100	do	136⅝
			100	do	136⅝
			100	Chi. & Alt. R.	99
			1500	do	99
			100	N. Y. & H. R.	115⅝
			100	do	115⅝
			100	do	115⅝
			100	N. B. & N. L. & F. R.	158
			100	Ill. Cent. R. Scrip	151
			100	do	151
			100	do	151
			100	do	150
			100	do	150
			100	do	150
			2100	do	147
			100	do	147
			100	do	147

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

Gilbert E. Purdy, Auctioneer.
BY BURDETT, JONES, & CO.

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS OF SALE TO ME DIRECTED by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, FROM STORE NO. 6 BARCLAY-ST., TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1864, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., THE CARGO OF PRIZE STEAMER CUMBERLAND, CONSISTING IN PART OF

[illegible]

CARGO PRIZE STEAMER LAURA.

[illegible]

CARGO PRIZE STEAMER MOSITA.

[illegible]

CARGO PRIZE SCHOONER ROEBUCK.

[illegible]

FROM PRIZE SCHOONER SUSAN.

[illegible]

FROM PRIZE SLOOP CAROLINE.

[illegible]

Catalogues three days before sale, when goods may be examined.
Terms at Sale.
JAMES C. CLAPP, U. S. Marshal.
Southern District Florida.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

PRIZE STEAMSHIP CUMBERLAND.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

Gilbert E. Purdy, Auctioneer.

Adjourned Sale, by order of Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of Navy.

ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1864, From the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, at 10 M.

By order of Hon. THOMAS J. BOYNTON, Judge District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at public auction the prize STEAMSHIP CUMBERLAND, in the navy yard, with all on board. The CUMBERLAND is a fine ship, 225 feet long, 38 feet beam, 21 feet hold; she was launched in 1855; is a sister ship to the Merrimac; has had but slight service; is in excellent condition and nearly new; has cleared cabins; is a superior sailer and nearly for sale. Sausage, about 750 tons.

The cargo to be examined every day before the sale, by catalogues only, of admission from BENNES & BROWN, No. 112 Wall-st.

JAMES C. CLAPP,
United States Marshal,
Southern District Florida.

MORRIS WEBBER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON FIRST-PLACE AND BEAY-ST., BROOKLYN, AT AUCTION.

R. R. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 22, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, (Stock Building) New-York:

FIRST-PLACE—The valuable fireproof three-story and basement brick dwelling-house and lot No. 81 First-Place, on the north side, between Court and Smith-sts., 100 feet east of Court-st. The house has gas, hot and cold water, and is in excellent repair, and has a good lot. The house is 20 feet deep, and has a back-building 20 feet deep, with extension of one story about 10 feet. There is a court-yard of about 20 feet. The lot is 20 feet front and rear, by 100 feet in rear.

BEAY-ST.—The valuable three-story brick house and lot, being the last house on the north side of Beay-st., 100 feet west of Williams-st., 100 feet north of Court-st. This house is about 20 feet front and rear, by about 50 feet deep. Lots 17 feet front and rear, by about 50 feet deep. Lots 17 feet front and rear by 50 feet deep.

Further particulars apply in the office of the auctioneers, R. R. LUDLOW & CO., No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALE OF NAVAL STORES, AT NAVY-YARD, NEW-YORK.

By order of the Commissioner of the Navy, I shall offer for sale at public auction, on THURSDAY, April 21, at 12 o'clock, at the Navy Yard, articles, viz:

About 4,500 bbls. of Sperm Oil.
About 200 bbls. Am. Spirits Turpentine.
About 20,000 lbs. Oakum Shavings.
About 11,000 lbs. Old Manila Rope.
About 10,000 lbs. Oakum Dust, in bags.
About 1,000 lbs. Very Old Manila Rope.
About 1,000 lbs. Very Old Spanish Hair in bales.

Twenty per cent of the purchase money must be deposited at the time of sale, and the days will be allowed to complete the purchase. The balance must be paid, and the goods will be forfeited to the Government. All payments to be made in Government currency, and before the goods are removed from the Yard.

NAVY-YARD, NEW-YORK, April 14, 1864.

R. H. F. MARSHALL, U. S. Naval Storekeeper.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers, Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE REMOVED FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., an elegant assortment of household furniture, removed from a private City residence, all of which was made to order by our best City makers, and has not been in use one month; viz:

PARLORS.—English velvet medallion carpet, carved rosewood cornices to crimson silk brocade, rosewood centre and side tables, marble mantels and tile hearths, lace curtains and cornices, brass clocks and mantel-ornaments, fine engravings, brass andirons and fender.

DINING-ROOM.—Fine Brussels carpet, richly carved oak sideboard, oak extension tables, oak suite in green repp.

BEDROOMS.—Velvet, Brussels and tapestry carpets, carved rosewood, black walnut and chestnut bedsteads, marble-top bureaus, with glass, marble-top and chairs in brocatelle and repp tables, French carved hair mattresses, French bolsters and pillows, which are all stuffed, etc.

Also, 10 clocks, cloth carpets and rugs, French china, refrigerators, kitchen utensils, &c., &c. The above is now in excellent condition.

WEDNESDAY, April 20, at No. 1 Monroe-place, Brooklyn, elegant household furniture, mirrors, piano, fine French collection of colored engravings, oil paintings, together with private library of standard works, for particulars of which will be given in due time.

A. J. BLEECKER, Sons & Co., Auctioneers.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, April 19, at 10 o'clock, at the N. Y. and Brooklyn Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, the N. Y. valuable Brooklyn estate, viz.: A very desirable lot of land, filled in with brick, and 10 lots of ground, on Pacific-st., running through to Dean-st., and commencing 207 feet westward of Nostrand-st. The house is about 60 feet square, with an excellent well, in good order. Good barn and shed on the premises. Lots 17 feet front and rear, by about 50 feet deep. Lots 17 feet front and rear by 50 feet deep.

Further particulars apply in the office of the auctioneers, R. R. LUDLOW & CO., No. 7 Pine-st., New-York.

H. R. Winsor & Co., Auctioneers.

HOUSE SALE OF MAGNIFICENT FURNITURE, AND RARE AND COSTLY WORKS OF ART.

THIS DAY (Friday afternoon) at 3 o'clock, of the walnut elegant household furniture, modern, distinctive and liberal furniture of the spacious residence, No. 128 West 23d-st., between 7th and 8th-avs.; splendid rosewood piano-fortes, solid rosewood parlor suites in brocade, rich carpets, bronzes, paintings, engravings, marble groups, rosewood chamber furniture, spring and hair mattresses, French bedsteads, glass, china, silver-ware, uniform, &c. Cost over $11,000 in one year. The whole to be peremptorily sold, sale or shelves. Catalogues at hotels.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on FRIDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at our Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suite covered in brocatelle, hair mattresses, bolsters, pillows, rich parlor furniture, mahogany and walnut bedsteads and sofas, in patchwork patent wardrobes, lace window curtains, gilt frame pier mirrors, black walnut and oak hat-stands, rare settees, oak cottage suite, clocks, &c., &c., fine crockery and glass ware. See catalogue. Also at 10 o'clock, for account of whom it may concern, a single hansom, latest and best style.

THE COMMITTEE ON ART OF THE METROPOLITAN FAIR will sell at auction, by catalogue, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 19th inst., each the following evenings until complete, the paintings and other works of art now on exhibition in the gallery, being the contributions of the country to channels in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission.

The sale will commence at 7½ P. M. Admittance during the sale, 50 cents. By order of

JOHN F. KENSETT, Chairman.

H. R. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on FRIDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite St. John's Park, Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany high-post bedsteads, black walnut and maple, iron, tin, stove utensils, mahogany dining, harvest, mahogany and black walnut sofas, gilt frame looking glasses, rosewood window cornices, rosewood window curtains, gilt cornices, window shades, toilet sets, China, crockery, glassware, &c.

H. R. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.

BY MULLEDY & ROLLINS, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 37 North Moore-st., the furniture in said house, consisting of mahogany sofas, chairs, lace curtains, Brussels and ingrain carpets, marble-top bureaus, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, dining, sitting, bed, and kitchen furniture, Gloucester stove, coffee mill, &c.

W. A. Carver, Auctioneer.

NEW STEAM ENGINES, LATHES, &c.—Machine, shafting, &c., THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 117 Liberty-st., near Greenwich, being the effects of a machinist's shop; finished and unfinished work, cross iron, iron railing, &c., &c.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—AT NO. 128 Chelsea-st., Brooklyn, between West Baltic and Hopkinson-sts. OSGOOD & COOKE will sell on MONDAY, April 18, at 10½ o'clock, the furniture of the above house. Excellent rosewood parlor suites and things—rare furniture. Particulars to-morrow.

W. A. Carver, Auctioneer.

COUNTER AND STORE FIXTURES, BELONGING AT AUCTION, THIS DAY, W. A. CARVER will sell at 11 o'clock, at No. 117 Liberty-st., near Greenwich, a lot of black walnut counters, shelving, &c., for a first-class store; also, fine mirrors, black walnut and oak hat-stands, rare settees, oak cottage suite, clocks, &c., &c., China, crockery, and glass ware. See catalogue. Also at 10 o'clock, for account of whom it may concern, a single hansom, latest and best style.

AUCTION SALES.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16—AT 9 O'CLOCK, A. M., at No. 111 Orange-st., between Water and Adams-sts., Brooklyn, mahogany sofas and chairs, rosewood and painted chamber furniture, cook, extension, table, dressing and ingrain carpets, mattresses and bedding, office clerks, stoves, &c.

SAME DAY.

At 11 o'clock, P. M., Bedford-av., next house north of Dekalb-ave., mahogany and painted parlor and chamber furniture, velvet, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil cloths, lace curtains, window shades, hair mattresses, feather beds, bedsteads, crockery, glassware, chest of tools, with kitchen furniture, &c.

P. G. Builes, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE ON THE BOWERY-A. AND WEST 46TH-ST.—P. G. BUILES will sell on TUESDAY, April 19, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executors of GEORGE YOUNG, deceased, the three-story brick house and lot, known as No. 175 Bowery, near 10th-st., and the leasehold property known as stable at 44 West 46th-st.

Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jamieson-court.

Hall H. Laird & Co., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO.—WILL SELL that elegant, old-fashioned, rosewood piano, made by Chickering, of Boston, at 10 o'clock, at our salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a number of valuable gas chandeliers, all in good order, and moved to our store for convenience of sale.

FRIDAY, APRIL 22, AT 10 O'CLOCK, at the yard, corner of Lee and Johnson-sts., Brooklyn, sewer drain pipe, for account of whom it may concern, to pay charges. A large quantity of clay sewer drain pipe, assorted sizes, will ship and guarantee; also, Scotch fire brick. Sale positive.

W. A. Carver, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE—TOBACCO CUTTING MACHINERY, SHAFTING, LAMPS, from W. A. CARVER will sell THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 117 Liberty-st., near Greenwich, a Scotch choice cutting machine, also machines for tobacco cutters, &c., also pulleys, cog wheels, &c.

Gerard, Beers & Co., Auctioneers.

FRENCH PEAR TREES, ROSES, &c.—GERARD BEERS & CO. will sell at auction, SATURDAY, APRIL 16th, inst., in front of their store, No. 102 Wall-st., a lot of French pear trees, roses, &c., just landed in prime order, on account stacks.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, APRIL 14, 1864.

THE FOLLOWING CONTRACTS HAVE been awarded for horse equipments under the proposals of the 1st inst., viz.:

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

SALE OF LANDS AND PROPERTY OF THE WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, IN STATE OF WISCONSIN.—Pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, and in pursuance of the decree of trust, dated Dec. 1, 1862, made by the Pax and Wisconsin Improvement Company to them, and of the judgment of said court, entered by the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin, in an action in which Horace Gray and others are plaintiffs, and the said Company and Absalom F. Clark, mortgagee, are defendants, made on the 4th day of February, 1864, we will sell at public auction, on THURSDAY, the 5th day of MAY, 1864, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of the Pax and Wisconsin Improvement Company, in the village of Appleton, Outagamie County, in the said State of Wisconsin, all the lands, rights, interests and claims, dams, locks, canals, water power, works of improvement and appurtenances, rights, privileges and franchises pertaining to said Company, and owned, used, or occupied in connection therewith, with said improvement, including about 3,000 acres of lands, more or less, situated in various counties in the State of Wisconsin.

For particulars of the terms and conditions of said sale of property to be sold, reference is made to the notice of said sale published in the State papers of Wisconsin, a copy of which may be seen at the office of the Company, Room 1, Trinity Buildings, New-York, or of the Trustees.

MOSES H. DAVIS, Appleton, Wisconsin.
ALEXANDER SEAULDING,
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.
CHARLES BUTLER,
No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.
Trustees.

April 12, 1864.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 48 ACRES—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 2½ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $60 to $80 per acre. The land is nearly level, and is of a better soil and surface than any other similar lot in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns, quite perfect; price $6,000. Two-thirds of the purchase money will be loaned to party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for good City lots. Inquire of or address W. K. BARNES, No. 202 Broadway, third floor, rear.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY—FOR SAFE INVESTment of money in real estate rapidly growing in value. For sale, 100 acres of land, slightly situated in the village of Ridgewood, N. J., on which are a good and convenient dwelling-house, two barns, two horses, and a quantity of fruit trees and grapevines. The land is ploughed and valuable for building lots, for which there is great demand in our rapidly growing town. Owner is occupied in mercantile business that he cannot attend to division, improving and sale, than he is anxious, and is willing to sell cheap in bulk, at a low price, and on favorable terms of payment. For particulars inquire of J. ARCHBOLD, 16 TAYLOR, Jersey, New-York.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT DWELLING IN Flushing, under cultivation, in all, 10 acres, containing library, dining-room, drawing-room, and boudoir on first floor; stairs in side hall of right angle with main entrance; five rooms and large bath-room on second floor, five rooms (three large) on the third floor; light and roomy kitchen and separate dining-room; coal cellar, furnace-room, &c., in basement. The house is furnished throughout, and is in perfect repair, and is indeed, an unusually fine residence. Elegant furniture are contained for sale, and possession can be had at a few days's notice.

A large interest will remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS, DESIROUS OF CHANGING LOCATION OR STARTING ANEW.—Your attention is called to Elizabethport, New-Jersey, as being the best point near New-York, on account of the low cost of coal, iron and freight, and the facilities for the transportation of the City. Plants already there are more profitable than elsewhere. Lots for sale on very favorable terms. For more particulars apply to COOLEY & HEDRITTER, Agents, Elizabethport, or E. E. KELLOGG, 16 Pearl-st., N. Y.

DOCK PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LEASE.—Situated at Williamsburgh, two blocks north of the ferries on Roseville and Grand-sts., between South 6th and South 10th sts., being 150 feet on 1st-st., running down to the East River over 300 feet with wharf 150 feet front, of 30 feet depth at low water, and a building 50 feet front, 3 stories high, suitable for storing, to will calculated for a sugar refinery, or any other manufacturing business. Inquire of

ELIANDER SERRY, No. 40 1st-st., opposite.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE AND VALUABLE property, 1 and 3 Rose-st., running through to No. 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 Ann-st., containing over 100 feet, and suitable for manufacturing or other purposes. This property will be sold very low, to wind up a long-standing, and the actual value for sale. Apply to A. E. LYON, No. 39 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT RAHWAY, N. J., A TWO-STORY 12 frame house, with kitchen extension, a corner lot, surrounded by shade trees; a good orchard, strawberries, raspberries and Lawton blackberries in abundance; fewer pear trees, preserving; 30 rods to depot; twenty-six trains to and from New-York daily. Apply to owner, No. 68 Harrison-st., New-York.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The entire block on 1st av., running from 21 to 22d-sts., and formerly occupied by the soap and candle manufactory of Allen Hay & Co., for sale on favorable terms. Apply to MARSHALL HAY, No. 22 Beekman-st., or to Morris, A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 20 Pine-st.

FLUSHING, L. I.—TO LET, IN THE VILLAGE of Flushing, L. I., five minutes walk from the railroad depot, a handsome modern-built cottage, containing full furnished rooms; gas; water; closets; and a field and garden; rent, $300. Inquire of the premises, or of M. BEALY, Franklin-place, or in Beaty's Gallery, No. 730 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT NEWARK, N. J., LOCATED ON morning South Broad-st. and Eastern-av., a handsome house, with all the modern improvements; has 12 rooms, with fine garden containing fruit, vegetables, &c., in abundance; price $22,000. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

$600 ONLY FOR A BEAUTIFUL LOT, 25 feet front, 80 feet deep, on Marcy-avenue, near Kosciusko-st., in the City of Brooklyn; neighborhood and title perfect. Apply to E. A. SUMNER, No. 2 City Hall-place.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED, AT Newburgh, a brick house, gothic style, 40 feet square, containing 10 rooms, with all the modern improvements, &c., fine garden, evergreens, fruit trees and small acreage in abundance; beautiful views of the Hudson. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, a house on Staten Island, at route running from 6 to $1,000 per annum. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 47TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-AV., AN elegant extra-sized house, newly decorated and repaired, with stable and coach yard; price $100,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, EXTRA SIZE, FOR SALE cheap by the shortest order, and in a good neighborhood. J. J. WILLIAMS, No. 442 8th-av., 24th-st.

FOR SALE—THE BROWN-STONE ENGLISH basement house, No. 27 East 22d-st. Apply on premises, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—FOR ONE OR THREE YEARS, A cottage, furnished or unfurnished, with stable attached and one or two acres of land, suitable for summer and winter residence, on the Hudson River or Harlem Railroad, not over one hour from New-York. Address J. H. DRAPER, No. 16 Pine-st.

HOUSE WANTED.—A SMALL BUT NICE house wanted for purchase in the upper part of the City, between Madison and 4th-avs. Must be in good repair, with full description, &c. Address W., Box No. 62 General Post-office.

WANTED—A GOOD ROOM FOR THE STORAGE of a lot of furniture; all new and clean; would prefer a room in some private family, as it will not be disturbed by owner for six months or a year. Address immediately FURNITURE, Box No. 2,848 Post-office.

WANTED TO HIRE—FROM JUNE 1 TO NOV. 1, a well-furnished house, with about two acres of ground, well shaded, and stable. Apply at No. 41 Cliff-st.

WANTED—A SUITE OF OFFICES ON THE first floor, in the vicinity of Broadway and Wall-st., suitable for an Insurance Company. Address WESLEY, Box No. 4,823, stating location and terms.

WANTED—A SMALL PLACE, WITH GOOD building, from 3 to 4 acres, fronting the Sound, either in Westchester or Long Island side. Address J. M. B., Box No. 2,812 Post-office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SEA-SIDE SUMMER RESORT.—FAIRFIELD HOUSE, FAIRFIELD, CONN.—This favorite and splendid Summer Resort will be open for visitors, either transient or permanent, on the 1st of May. The house is now most handsomely furnished, has all the modern improvements, and is lighted with gas throughout. The beach, for bathing, is the finest on the Sound. There is good fishing and pleasant drives. Parties desiring early arrangements for the season will be taken at favorable terms. For circulars, &c., address

F. B. CARRIGUE.

BOARD AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.—THE well-known Washington Hall has been repaired and newly furnished, and will be ready for guests on or about the 1st of May. Those wishing to procure board can apply at No. 6 Albion-place, 4th-st., New-York, or at the Hall.

R. S. GOSLINE,
Washington Hall,
Saratoga Springs.

PAVILION HOTEL—ISLIP, L. I.—THIS SLEEPING and well known Summer hotel will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th of May, 1864. It is reached by the Long Island Railroad three times a day. Apply to Messrs. BEATTIE & LIEBIG, Proprietors, Islip, L. I., or to Mr. V. P. BRIDGE, No. 128 William-st., New-York.

SUMMER BOARD.—THE BERKSHIRE HOUSE, Great Barrington, Mass., a first-class hotel, located in a beautiful village amidst the wealth of Berkshire scenery. Open the 1st of May.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS!

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY will open on Saturday, April 16, 1864, a store for the exclusive sale of Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson and Young Hyson Teas, at 149 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of June next. JOHN R. DOLE, Sec. pro tem.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY, Incorporated and Joint-Stock Association, No. 40 Vesey-st.

THE AMERICAN JAVA COFFEE COMPANY.

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE.

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TO LET—A HANDSOME COTTAGE-BUILT house, (new), situated at Leesville, opposite the river Rahway, adjoining the residence of the subscriber, a short distance from the depot, one hour from New-York; contains 10 rooms, gas throughout. Rent $400. Possession given immediately. Inquire of HENRY SPEAR, No. 127 Pearl-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE AND GARDEN, IN Metuchen, N. J., near depot; basement; six rooms and attic; in good repair; convenient location; price $150. Inquire of Dr. HUNT, Freeman's Depot, Metuchen. Any one desiring to see it, can leave New-York at 4 P. M., and return same evening.

TO LET—FIRST STORY AND BASEMENT OF a five-story building, No. 20 [illegible] st., 25 by 110 feet deep, occupied as an ice-cream saloon and restaurant, the past eight years; location central; the finest-fitted and most elegant saloon in the City. Also, four-story store, No. 148 Bleecker-st., near Mercer. Also, the stable, No. 14 West 16th-st., now occupied by Gen. Fremont. Apply to B. WRAY, No. 20 West 30th-st.

TO LET—ON 18TH-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY and Fifth-av., near Central Park, two well-finished cottage houses; 8 rooms, fine yard and outbuildings; facilities good for raising down town; rent $300. Inquire at No. 36 East 18th-st., or of the premises. Also, on 30th-st., 20 West 31st-st., and 27 West 31st-st., all improvements, good for raising down town; rent $300. Inquire at No. 36 East 18th-st., or of the premises. Also, on 30th-st., 20 West 31st-st., and 27 West 31st-st., all improvements, good for raising down town; rent $300. Inquire at No. 36 East 18th-st., or of the premises.

TO LET—THREE-STORY FRAME HOUSE ON 7th-st., fronting Central Park, between 7th-av. and Broadway; has 10 rooms, water, hot water, heavy; rent $400. Also, a two-story and basement house, in Brooklyn, with garden; rent $250.

F. M. CURRY, No. 42 Pearl-st.

TO LET—FOR FIVE OR SIX MONTHS, A FURnished house in Newburgh, located in the finest desirable part of Grand-st., within five minutes' walk of the ferry. Possession to be given on 1st of May. Inquire of or address WM. R. BROWN, No. 62 Front-st., Newburgh, N. Y.

GREENWICH, CONN.—TO LET—TWO-STORY House, with barn, and two acres of land; in good order and abundance of fruit; convenient to city and boat. Possession immediately. Rent low. Apply to

E. F. RIGGS, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE STORE AND CELLAR NO. 377 Canal-st., third door east from Broadway. Also, an office on the second floor, and all of the fourth story. Apply within, or to A. J. DAVIS & CO., on second floor.

STEAM POWER NEAR BROADWAY—Small, to suit, in Prince-st. To let, large room, with extra light, power, steam heating and heating pipes; a large basement in rear, 40 feet by 60, lighted with skylights. Apply to E. C. MOORE, No. 297 Canal-st.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED house, for six months from May 1; it is beautifully located; large, dry rooms, good yard, with all the modern improvements; to a private family only. Inquire at No. 317 East 16th-st.

ROOM TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER.—Upper story, No. 42 Pearl-st.; room well lighted on three sides; power steady, with use of steam heating machine. E. HOE, No. 31 Gold-st.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with a two-acre lawn, garden, carriage-house, stable, &c., 15 miles from Williams' Bridge Depot, Harlem Railroad; more land if required. Apply to E. M. VALENTINE, No. 183 Fifth-st.

TO LET—HOUSE, NO. 48 PRINCE-ST.; SUITABLE for a boarding-house or restaurant; will be altered to suit a tenant, if required. Apply to A. FRED DOUGLAS, No. 32 Maiden-lane, or to E. D. LAWRENCE, No. 18 Vesey-st.

TO LET—IN THIRTY-FIFTH-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th-avs., a blacksmith's shop, which can be converted into a private stable. Apply on the Way. For further particulars, apply to L. K. HOFFMAN, No. 48 Pearl-st.

TO LET—AT GREENWICH, CONN., ONE MILE from the village, a good house; twelve rooms, well furnished; Brussels carpets, black walnut, marble-top house, fine view of the Sound, &c. Apply to ALLEN NEWMAN, No. 26 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—FOR ONE or more years, in 17th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., house 25 feet wide, with 8 large rooms on each floor, dining-room, &c. House in well-furnished, and in good order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

GREENWICH, CONN.—TO LET, A MODERN 12 built house, with stable and one acre of land, pleasantly situated on the Sound, within a short distance of the Railroad to New-Haven Railroad depot and steamboat landing. Apply to [illegible], TITUS MEAD, Greenwich, or to JOHN GINTY, No. 128 4th-av., N. Y.

TO LET—BY MAY 1, A HANDSOMELY FURnished third floor to two or three gentlemen, with or without breakfast; in a first-class house in 45th-st., near Broadway. Address, for one week, Box No. 4,767 Post-office.

TO LET AT BLOOMINGDALE—A COTTAGE residence, with stable, one of ground, finely shaded, with stable, vegetable garden, fruit, &c., on 86th-st., near the Western Bloomingdale. Apply on the premises, or to JAMES SOMERVILLE, No. 46 Centre-st.

TO LET—THE SUPERIOR FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement house, No. 20 Amity-st., with stable in the rear; all the modern improvements. Apply to JOHN CULYER, No. 251 Fleet-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A DOUBLE HOUSE, 11 rooms, fine garden, fruit trees, 1½ miles from Flushing Railroad depot; 1½ miles from Williamsburgh ferries. Apply to R. T. SPOONER, No. 4 Murray-st.

LOTS TO LET—FOUR LOTS OF THE FIVE Lefferts Brownstones from Nos. 127 Duane-st., on north side; strong and substantial; suitable for any kind of business. Apply to C. BLUNT, No. 115 6th-st.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITABLE for manufacturing purposes, situated in Rosemont, Perry, Brooklyn. Inquire of C. KELSEY, office on Hudson-st., or at the premises, in Rosemont.

TO LET—THE WHOLE UPPER PART OF THE white marble front store, 50 Duane-st., near Broadway, running through to Pearl-st. Apply to

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 50 Broadway.

TO LET.—A FURNISHED HOUSE, FOR SIX months from May 1. Inquire of No. 20 East 20th-st., from 1 to 2 o'clock, P. M.

TO LET—LOTS FOR STORAGE OF FURNITURE. Apply to No. 18 FOURTH-AVENUE.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, THREE STORIES AND BASEMENT, 27 East 22d-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., for the Summer. Apply on the premises, or to [illegible]

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TO LET—

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1864.

AMUSEMENTS—Sixth Revolution.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Faust.

WALLACK'S—Americans in Paris—Rural Felicity.

WINTER GARDEN—Medea.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Our Wife—Loyalina.

BIRLO'S GARDEN—The Fool's Revenge.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great Asiatic Giant, French Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Living Wax Figures, Infant Drummer, &c., &c., all hours in America; Or, The Spirit of Beauty; Harrison, Comic Singer and Tyrolean Wonders, afs and the F. M.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Hippodramonic Performances.

HOPE CHAPEL—The Stereoscopicon.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the TIMES (Daily) is THREE CENTS, except of the Sunday morning issue, which is FOUR CENTS.

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One copy 1 year	$3 50
Two copies 1 year	6 00
Five copies 1 year	12 00
Ten copies 1 year	22 00
Twenty copies 1 year	25 00

Including Sunday morning edition, $10.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

One copy 1 year	$2 00
Three copies 1 year	5 00
Five copies 1 year	8 00
Ten copies 1 year	15 00

And an Extra Copy to any Club of Ten.

Twenty copies 1 year 25 00

To Clergymen—Weekly, $1 50; Semi-Weekly, $2 00.

Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly, at Club Rates.

Payment invariably in advance.

We have no authorized Traveling Agents.

To any person sending us a Club of Twenty, the Semi-Weekly Times will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any contributing to a Club of Fifty, the Daily Times will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their matter at an early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 3½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

By the arrival of the steamship *Creole*, at this port yesterday, we have New-Orleans advices to April 6th, though the news has been mostly anticipated via Cairo. Admiral FARRAGUT was in the city. The *Era* stated that the Liberals, under CORTINAS, had defeated VIDAURRI at Monterey, Mexico. French war-vessels were taking soundings at the mouth of the Rio Grande. CORTINAS had retreated to Matamoras, and expressed his determination to defend it to the last extremity. A force had been sent to Bagdad, at the mouth of the Rio Grande, to oppose the French and throw up defensive works. Ten thousand bales of cotton had been ferried over the river at Eagle Pass within a month, and were being hauled down to Matamoras for shipment. Eagle Pass is now in our possession and this trade is stopped.

Another attack was made on Paducah, yesterday. A demand was made for the surrender of the place, which was refused, and one hour for the removal of the women and children. No further particulars received.

A messenger reached Little Rock on the evening of the 10th ult., from Gen. STEELE. On the night of the 27th Gen. STEELE's army encamped twenty miles from Arkadelphia—officers and men in high spirits. No obstructions on the way, except a few scattering guerrillas and mud holes. Gen. CLAYTON, with a rebel force of from twenty-seven hundred to three thousand cavalry, was reported to be at Caddo Bayou, five miles this side of Arkadelphia, to contest the passage of the ford. At this point, the bayou is about thirty yards wide and the water is low now. A sharp affair was anticipated. Gen. CARR, in command of the cavalry division, (late DAVIDSON's,) was in the advance. In all probability Gen. STEELE is in Arkadelphia now. It is reported the rebels are fortifying Monticello.

A dispatch, dated Pilot Knob, April 8, from Lieut.-Col. J. H. HERRON, commanding the post, states that Capt. MILES, Third Cavalry, Missouri State Militia, stationed at Farmington, Mo., had just returned from Prairie-de-Rocher, Ill., where he was sent, with some members of the Captain's company, after some bandits. He reports a complete success, having had a fight with a notorious gang of robbers, killed three and wounded several—among them the notorious bushwacker and guerrilla chief, JOHN HENRY, who had long been the terror of this part of the State.

A portion of the Seventeenth Army Corps, from Vicksburgh, has arrived at Cairo, and is now encamped there.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Asia* arrived at Halifax, yesterday, with two days' later news. The latest advices from the wrecked steamship *City of New-York* were more encouraging. Most of her cargo had been got out, and preparations to lift her were almost complete. If the weather remained pleasant she would soon be afloat again. The rebel cruiser *Georgia* is resting in the Gironde, not being allowed to anchor in front of Bordeaux, in consequence of the port regulations excluding ships with powder on board. The correspondence between Secretary SEWARD and Lord LYONS, in the *Chesapeake* case, had been published. Both parties express gratification at the amicable settlement of the matter. In regard to the Mexican question, several French journals assert that the difficulty relative to the departure of MAXIMILIAN for Mexico will shortly be arranged. The Prussians had laid regular siege to Duppel. They opened their first parallel on the night of the 20th of March, without resistance from the Danes. The London *Times* gives partial credit to the report of an extensive attempt to revolt among the Hungarian troops arrayed against Denmark. The Austrian army broke up from before Fredericia in an unmanageable manner, and the disaffection of the troops may have been the cause. There was a report of a wholesale execution of Hungarian troops in consequence. The conference had been finally accepted by all parties, and hopes were entertained that it might lead to a settlement of all disputes, unless passions were too much indurated by events transpiring before Duppel.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, 5,000 copies of the report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, in reference to the late Florida expedition, were ordered printed. A bill to regulate commercial intercourse in insurrectionary States was introduced. The resolutions of the Legislature of the State of New-York, asking that troops who served honorably two years may be entitled to receive the $100 bounty, were presented by Mr. MORGAN. Mr. WADE called up the bill to enable the people of Nebraska to form a Constitution and State Government, which was passed. The Naval Appropriation Bill was called up, and after sundry minor amendments it was passed. Mr. SHERMAN reported a bill from the Finance Committee, to restrict speculation in gold coin, bullion and foreign exchange. The bill prohibits sales on time, or in any place except the actual place of business of the dealer, and upon no terms save those of actual delivery of the coin sold.

In the House, a proposition was introduced for night sessions, but laid over. The resolution for the expulsion of Mr. LONG was taken up and the day mainly devoted to the speeches of Messrs. COLFAX and LONG. The resolution of expulsion was finally withdrawn, and Mr. BOCOCK's resolution of censure was substituted and finally passed by yeas 80, nays 70—being very nearly a strict party vote. The resolution requiring that the Speaker should read the resolution of censure to Mr. LONG, during the session of the House, was laid on the table by two majority.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamship *Ariel*, from Aspinwall, April 5, arrived at this port yesterday, bringing the California mails of March 23, and $269,000 in specie. The news from the Pacific coast is unimportant. The fear of war between Chili and Bolivia on the boundary question did not perturb matters much in those countries. A party of engineers, under direction of HENRY MEIGGS, Esq., the eminent railroad builder, had discovered a new and practicable pass through the Andes, in the State of Peru, which would admit of the construction of a railroad with no heavier grades to be overcome than those on which steam is already used in Peru. Capt. PIM's British railroad project has been accepted by the Government of Nicaragua. Mr. DICKINSON, the American Minister to Nicaragua, is to have a conference of all the Ministers in the Central American States from the United States, for the purpose of having them unite in a protest against the French occupation of Mexico, after the style of the Ostend manifesto.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, the trial of JAMES M. NIXON, the crippled soldier, charged with the homicide of Brown, of the Pewter Mug, was resumed. Several witnesses were examined who testified to the facts of the shooting. The case will probably occupy the remainder of the week.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, the case of DANIEL BROOKS, the negro on trial for the murder of Mr. KIELEY's bartender who submitted to the jury. At a late hour they had not returned a verdict, and the court took a recess.

Acting-Master CHARLES DANENHOWER, United States Navy, is now on trial at the Philadelphia Navy-yard, the charge being the killing of the mate of the British bark *Saxon*, upon the capture of that vessel by the *Vanderbilt*, off the Coast of Africa. The *Saxon* had on board goods which had been taken from a vessel captured by a rebel privateer, and for that reason she was seized. Acting-Master DANENHOWER was of the boarding party, and, it is alleged, shot the mate of the *Saxon* accidentally. He was exonerated from censure by a court of inquiry, which action was approved by the Secretary of the Navy, but the affair since then has been much discussed in England, and an attempt made in certain quarters to excite hostility against the Government in consequence of the shooting. The court-martial is understood to have been ordered at the request of Lord LYONS, the British Minister.

The funeral services of Mr. A. A. LOVEJOY, late Superintendent of the Peoples' Line of Telegraph, will be held at the Stevens House, No. 17 Broadway, this (Friday) afternoon, at 4½ o'clock. His friends are invited to attend.

Gold 176¾ cent. at Second Board of the Stock Exchange yesterday, as against 177¼ same hour Wednesday. Some of the Gold and Stock speculators attempted early in the day to run up the price ten per cent. to anticipate and break the force of the visit of the Secretary of the Treasury to the City. The highest price at the Board, *187½ the lowest on the Street, after this movement*, 174¾ cent. The Railway speculation was 2@3¾ cent. down from Wednesday. The Secretary has directed the immediate payment of the May Interest on the Five-Twenty Loan. He is also said to be realizing currency for part of his present large balances in London, and these movements, together with his continued sales of Gold to the importers to pay Customs, is likely to lighten the Money market for greenbacks.

Favored by the extraordinary inflation of the premium on gold yesterday, speculators in Domestic produce and General Merchandize went early to work, buying up everything that was available, especially in the line of Breadstuffs and Provisions, at much higher rates than even those current on Wednesday; but with the "tumble" in gold in the afternoon, transactions were sensibly diminished and the market generally closed with a strong downward tendency.

The Resolution to Expel Mr. Long.

Well, Mr. COLFAX has withdrawn his expelling resolution, and accepted a milder one as a substitute. His original attempt completely miscarried. We trust its fate will be a warning for all time against any other such effort in an American Congress.

Mr. COLFAX undoubtedly was prompted by the most patriotic impulse. No member is naturally more generous than he, or has less of the persecuting spirit. It was his loyal zeal alone that impelled him. But zeal is never a safe counselor. It always leans toward fanaticism rather than toward wisdom, toward headlong intolerance rather than toward calm justice. Doubtless there are thousands of patriotic men in this country who would have been gratified had ALEXANDER LONG been taken by the Sergeant-at-Arms, under the order of the House, directly *after the delivery of that speech, to one of* the corridors and hung by his neck until he was dead. The act would have relieved a good deal of honest loyal indignation. Nevertheless, just men would call it murder, and wise men madness. The excellence of the impulse is one thing, the righteousness of the act quite another.

The Speaker erred most grievously in originating such a resolution at all. He should have imitated the manner in which HENRY CLAY, one of his predecessors, dealt with similar unpatriotic utterances in the last war with England; or if it was not in the power of his lips to do that, or even to attempt to do it, then his part was to keep quite still, and perhaps occupy his thoughts with an incident that occurred in that House in the days when the inviolable rights of a Representative of the people were better understood. In January, 1811, JOSIAH QUINCY, speaking on the question of the admission of Louisiana, said: "If this bill passes, it is my deliberate opinion that it is virtually a dissolution of the Union; that it will free the States from their moral obligations, and, as it *will be the right of all, so it will be the duty of some, definitely to prepare for a separation, amicably if they can, violently if they must.*" Mr. POINDEXTER called Mr. QUINCY to order, and requested the decision of the Speaker whether it was consistent with the propriety of debate to use such language. The Speaker, Mr. VARNUM, decided that the first clause of the sentence was admissible, but the latter contrary to the order of debate. Mr. QUINCY appealed from this decision, and it was reversed by the House. Mr. QUINCY's language was declared to be in order, and he went on to say: "I rejoice, Mr. Speaker, at the result of this appeal—not from any personal consideration, but from the respect paid to the essential rights of the people, in one of their Representatives." Mr. QUINCY had used language far more obnoxious than any employed the other day by Mr. LONG; and yet the House held that he was not even out of order. Not the faintest intimation was heard from the Republicans of that day—though party spirit never ran higher—that Mr. QUINCY ought to be, or could be expelled.

But after Mr. COLFAX had conceived his strange purpose, he was bound to submit it to a meeting of the Union party, or, at least, to some of the experienced men of the party. It was too grave a step to take without consultation. He declared, when he presented his resolution, that he acted simply on his own individual responsibility; but he should realize that it is not possible for him so to act. He was made Speaker by the Union party as its preferred exponent, and as such, a special importance and influence attach to whatever he says or does in the House. When he commits himself, he more or less commits his party. Whether this ought to be so or not, it *is* so; and that fact of itself should have caused him to take counsel. We have the charity to believe that very many who voted for the final resolution would not have done so but for an unwillingness to leave the gentleman who had been made their Speaker absolutely in the lurch. It is an absurd motive, but none the less effective, for all that.

The resolution of censure, as passed by a scant majority, was but a mere expedient to save appearances while backing out of a disgraceful position. But to our mind, the expedient was a very unworthy one. If the House had no right to expel, it had no right to censure. Both are penalties, the only difference being in their grade, and both impair the freedom of debate, though in different degrees. We deny the right to infringe that freedom in *any* degree. The security of a Representative in the decorous utterance of his convictions is an absolute inviolability; and his associates have no more right to stigmatize him on the record for so doing, than to expel him. The proper vote to censure, as the vote to expel, belongs only to "disorderly behavior." HARRIS used insulting language to the House, and for that justly received censure. Nobody pretends that LONG's language was disrespectful, whatever may be thought of its doctrine.

Mr. LONG having been declared by a majority of ten to be "an unworthy member of the House," it is, we suppose, expected that he will resign. We trust he will do no such thing. We hate his political creed as we hate Paganism itself, but a sacred principle of republican government is at stake in his person, and we want it maintained. Neither the majority of that House nor two-thirds of it have a right to drive him out of it, directly or indirectly. As he now stands, only his doctrine is detestable; let him yield one hair's breadth to this dictation, and he will be as detestable as his doctrine.

Taxation.

In the day of England's trouble the Government firmly pursued the policy of providing for the current expenditure by adequate concurrent taxation. Of the total revenue of the period of war with NAPOLEON and with the United States, about seventy per cent. was raised by the annual taxes, and the remaining thirty per cent. by loans, permanent and temporary. In the year 1815, the ratio was still higher; the expenditures reached five hundred and fifty-five millions of dollars, of which not more than one hundred and ninety millions were raised by loans, or as three by taxes to two by loans. Specie payments had then been suspended for 18 years, and gold was at a premium of from 30 to 41½ per cent. for three consecutive years. Is it wonderful that gold in our money market should command so high a premium as its range for some months back, while our revenue is raised at the rate of but one-sixth from taxes and five-sixths from loans? Need we look further for the cause of the condition of our money market, than the prolonged delay and the manifest hesitation of Congress to call upon the ample resources of the country for a contribution fairly proportioned to the outlay demanded by the sustenance of our vast *forces in the field? In the face of such irresolution* and postponement as the present Congress has shown, the credit of the Government is a marvel, and the gold price of its demand notes is anything but a marvel.

But the financial evils of the present exigency are not the end or the total of the mischief. All experience teaches that in the midst of great national wars, while the spirit of the people is up, and all the currents of industrial and commercial prosperity are running full and overflowing, taxes are cheerfully met and lightly borne; but, so soon as the vast market for supplies and demand for services which war affords is cut off by the return of peace, so soon as the great ends of the war are either lost or won, the burden of national debt is doubly burdensome in itself, and the enthusiasm that sanctioned its growth falls off into apathy and complaint. England has not in a century come out of a war on any other terms than a reduction of the rate and amount of taxation, borne cheerfully and easily while the danger impended and the necessity ruled.

Our war is distinguished grandly in many material points from all that have gone before it, but among the things in which it cannot be made to differ essentially, is the rule of policy, that in taxation the Government must strike while the iron is hot. Not only sound principle and wise policy alike demand energetic and immediate action in relief of our national funds and credit, and the incidental relief of the commercial markets, but the public, of every shade of opinion and feeling, calls for it imperatively. Congress alone is faithless and derelict.

THE DRAFT.—This is the day on which the draft was appointed to take place throughout the country, under the President's March call for troops. It is postponed as usual—we suppose on account of the weather. It will now positively take place on the first of May—very positively. That being "moving day," it will furnish an excellent opportunity to catch recusant conscripts when they are out of doors.

This City is not greatly behind in furnishing its quota—we believe only some four or five thousand, while Brooklyn is only behind some fourteen hundred. We should think the two cities might easily supply this small deficiency by volunteering within the next fortnight.

Large inducements in money are offered to volunteers, either for the military or naval service. But the inducement that should be the greatest to every patriotic American citizen, is the opportunity offered to take a part in crushing out the accursed rebellion which threatens the ruin of our country. Lieut.-Gen. GRANT is marshaling the great host for that work. He is marshaling his armies for a campaign whose glories will, we believe, eclipse those of Vicksburgh and Chattanooga. What American will not, in future years, be proud to tell that he marched onward to Richmond under the banner of the Union, under the leadership of the most illustrious soldier of the age?

Banking and Bankers.

We find the following choice morsel in the closing paragraph of the minority report of the Committee of the State Legislature on Banks:

"The United States are rapidly multiplying their industrials; productive industry is ever on the alert for new channels, and our resources are far from being developed. Forty more years of peace, with our wealth and population increasing in geometrical progression, must annihilate our pecuniary burdens. The Old World will eventually repudiate her debts, incurred to sustain her effete civilization; but the dawning of the morning of the twentieth century of our era will witness our Republic ascending to the zenith of her glory, freest from her loads as mirrorously as was BUNYAN's Pilgrim at the foot of the cross, and ushering in humanity to a renovated existence."

This sort of stuff used at one time to form a large portion of the regular Fourth of July orations in the rural districts. Even village spouters have, however, had their style chastened and their taste improved by the rough discipline and stern realities of the war. Bombast, rhodomontade and "blatherskite" are generally felt, even by those most addicted to their use, to be out of place when the cannon is booming and the hospitals are full. We think there is nobody who has not noticed a marked increase of sobriety in our political literature within the last two years. In fact, we hardly know where to look now-a-days for the old hyperbole, mixture of metaphors, extravagance, braggadry and rant with which we were all at one time so familiar. We were accordingly greatly amused to find a chip of the old block peeping out in this report from a minority of the Banking Committee, and it is rendered all the more curious and valuable by the fact that the report is on banking, of all subjects in the wide world, and is in principle and in sentiment thoroughly just and sensible. What there is in this theme to excite such an outburst of sublimity would puzzle us greatly if we did not remember that some of the grandest bursts of balderdash ever heard occasionally make their appearance in Common Council debates on the Tax Levy. There are some politicians who, when they stand up or sit down to discuss even an appropriation for a sewer, are always at a loss to know whether they had better talk plain prose, or throw their remarks into the form of an epic poem.

The writer of this report seems to have held himself pretty well in check during the earlier parts of his effort, but as he goes toward the close the "fine frenzy" gets the better of him, and the result is the ridiculous paragraph which we have quoted above.

We need hardly say that there is not the smallest indication that the "Old World will repudiate its debts." The stocks of all European nations are tolerably high; even Spain seems likely to pay up. Her civilization is not "effete" anywhere but in the brains of our buncombe politicians and banking posts. It is precisely the same civilization as ours, though laboring under a good many more trammels. Its achievements *in art, literature and science every year are* immense, and we in America are enormously indebted to it.

Whether "the dawning of the morning of the twentieth century of our era will witness our Republic ascending to the zenith of her glory," we cannot say with any certainty, nor can anybody else. But we are quite certain that we shall never reach the zenith of our glory, nor "usher in humanity to a renovated existence" until politicians learn to make a plain statement in plain English.

MAY AGAIN.—It seems that MAXIMILIAN has now a new trouble about his Mexican crown, and there has consequently been another postponement in his acceptance of it. The ceremony of offering the thing to him was to be gone through with on Easter Sunday, by the so-called Mexican notables; but in the meantime difficulties arose as to the presumptive succession to the Austrian throne. So we are again on the tenters as to the day of his emigration. It is a solemn thing to give advice to emperors or imperial aspirants; but we might advise MAXIMILIAN that it would be well for his neck if he could create sufficient trouble on the question of the Austrian succession to detain him forever in Austria.

THE GOLDEN BEAR.—Gold, early yesterday, was at a premium of 90; but in the course of the day Mr. CHASE, having come to town, took a walk down through Wall-street, and it at once tumbled till it reached 75. If such was the effect of Mr. CHASE's perambulating down Wall-street, we think he had better stay in town permanently, and take a walk among the bulls and bears every morning. Gold would possibly soon be at par—who knows?

POLITICAL.—The Lincoln Association held its regular meeting at Hope Chapel last evening. The attendance was not numerous, and the proceedings were informal. Dr. SHEPARD THOMPSON said he thought the most prudent and safe course amid the perils that were upon the country—it was, in fact, the reelection of Gen. GRANT as Commander of our armies. Our military organization was, with Gen. GRANT at the head, the very best we could have. He believed the President and Gen. GRANT understood each other; and that if Gen. GRANT did not permit himself to be used as a political implement, the war was over. Applause. Gen. GRANT was the man who was equal to the occasion. Applause. The speaker warmly appealed to the people to let the matter of the Presidency alone, and to let Gen. GRANT alone.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Gounod's opera of "Faust" will be given here to-night for the last time but one. Mr. MAPLESON intends closing the Academy next week in order to devote himself and forces to the first performance and rehearsal of MEYERBEER's greatest work, "Les Huguenots." It may not be out of place to intimate mildly to the public that the prices of admission will be slightly increased for the next performance—no mean those commencing with the "Huguenots." Those who would pay little and hear much should go to the "Faust" or "Robert le Diable" performances.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—The annual exhibition of the National Academy of Design opens to the public to-day. It takes place at the Derby Galleries, No. 625 Broadway. There was a private exhibition of the pictures yesterday. About three hundred are on the walls of the establishment, representing fairly the various styles of our leading artists. We miss the usual number of important works, but, considering the calls that have been made upon our artists by the fair, and the various receptions of the season, the exhibition is both interesting and fairly creditable.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—Mr. A. O. HALL'S new version of "Fortunio," called "Loyalina," continues to attract good audiences to this bright and cheerful little establishment. It is a facsimile resulting of an old and favorite work, adapted to the exigencies of the moment, and displaying reckless prodigality in the maker of puns and jokes. It is placed upon the stage in admirable style by Mrs. WOOD, who plays the leading character with extraordinary spirit. She is admirably supported by Mrs. Harriet Brown and other members of the company.

The amusing petite drama called "Our Wife," precedes the burlesque, and introduces Mr. J. K. SHERIDAN in one of his best characters. No one should miss seeing this admirable trifle.

CONCERT.—Mlle THERESA CARENO, the remarkable child pianiste, will give her first concert at Dodworth's Saloon, to-night, assisted by well-known talent.

WINTER GARDEN.—The classic play of "Medea" has been judiciously revived at this house, for the purpose of introducing Miss AVONIA JONES in the character of the heroine. It is one of her most favorite *roles*, and the power and pathos that she infuses into it accounts for the reputation which the lady has achieved in Europe and wherever in America the play has been performed. The situations are of the intensest kind, and always of the sort that display the depths of a large, passionate and vehement womanly nature. Miss JONES realizes them with an earnestness that is frequently overwhelming, either by its force or its tender and appealing attitude. Much as we were impressed with the lady's performance in "Judith," we must regard her interpretation of *Medea* as the best illustration of her remarkable powers we have yet had, and the truest of the character we have witnessed in New-York since the *divine* poor RACHEL. To-night Miss AVONIA JONES takes her first benefit here. "Medea" will be given, and the comedy of the *"Hunchback"—so that the public will have an opportunity of seeing the daughter* both in tragedy and comedy. We trust this deserving artist will be rewarded with a crowded house.

The Non-Strike of the Stage-Owners.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The determination of the stage-owners to extort a dime per ride from the public is as unjustifiable as it is absurd.

Absurd, because unfeasible. It is done just when the public is rapidly becoming convinced that the stages are a nuisance, blocking up our thoroughfares, and causing an incalculable loss of time, and, consequently, of money, to the business community.

Absurd, because it is asking for an inferior mode of travel twice the price demanded for the more rapid and convenient passage in the car.

Absurd, because it asks twice the price of the rail roads for far less service. But one or two stages have run higher than Forty-second-street, others go no further than Twenty-third-street, Thirty-fourth-street being about the average. To reach Thirty-fourth-street in a stage I must pay, forsooth, ten cents, while an Eighth-avenue car will carry me in about the same time to Seventy-first-street for half the money.

Unpalatable, because the only pretence alleged by the owners is untrue, namely, that at six cents they lose money. Men do not continue a losing business, and the fact that several lines continue to run at five cents, when they might readily advance to six, is proof that the business pays even at five cents.

Has the public no remedy?

I think that the public have a remedy in the chronic need of New-York. It can be effected by a simple process, namely, by withholding licenses from all stages running upon the street. This has not been done hitherto for two reasons: Because there was no railroad near enough to Broadway to accommodate the public; and because the public has had some feeling of tenderness for the stage owners in consideration of their waning business, and approaching extinction. The latter consideration, the proprietors have removed by their recent exhibition of greed. The former is removed by the addition of the Broadway parallel road to the other facilities of getting up and down town; and if the several avenue lines will at once double the number of their cars, and they will, of course, do so when they see the prospect of a corresponding increase of travel,—we can have done with the stages forever. *We call upon the Mayor, or whoever has charge of the matter, to define renewing licenses for Broadway stages.*

It may be proper for me to add the assurance that the writer has no City railroad stock, and is not conscious of knowing any one who has. He is simply an

INDIGNANT GOTHAMITE.

A Cheap Day at the Fair.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I would inquire through your columns if the managers of the fair do not intend giving the poorer class a cheap day. They will bear in mind many of our soldiers have wives, sweethearts, sisters and brothers, who would like to visit our great fair, who cannot afford to pay more than 25 cents.

F. I. I.

New-Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, Thursday, April 14.

The Senate, this afternoon, confirmed the following as Commissioners to ascertain the rights of the State, and repaying the owners of lands lying under water in the Bay of New-Jersey, and elsewhere: J. R. Worlendyke, Hudson; Francis S. R. Lathrop, Morris; James B. Dayton, Camden; James T. Crowell, Middlesex; J. L. N. Stratton, Burlington; John Lyon, Sussex. Both Houses adjourned *sine die* at midnight.

Railroad to Knoxville Completed.

LONDON, KY., Wednesday, April 13.

Trains passed over the bridge at this place this afternoon. The connection with Knoxville is now completed.

Lake Erie Navigation.

BUFFALO, Thursday, April 14.

Navigation is opened here. The propeller *Spaulding*, of the New-York Central Line, left for Toledo this morning. Boats will now run regularly.

MEETING OF THE CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION.—The meeting of the Citizens' Association convened last evening, at No. 200 Eighth-avenue, was largely attended. The President, Mr. LE GRAND LOCKWOOD, being absent, Mr. S. L. SOMERS presided. The object of the meeting was to hear the report of the delegation sent to Albany "to oppose the passage by the Legislature of the Tax Bill of the City and County of New-York." Mr. SOMERS, as Chairman of the Committee, made a brief report. He stated as the result of the labors of the committee that over $2,000,000 had been saved to the tax-payers of the City. At the conclusion of Mr. SOMERS's remarks, it was moved and seconded that the committee's report be adopted. The motion was carried unanimously. It was further moved that the committee be "continued." The motion was carried without a dissenting voice. After some further business of minor importance the meeting adjourned.

ARREST OF A HOUSE THIEF.—Detective Officer DRIVER, of the Astor House, arrested, Saturday afternoon, a noted house thief, named EDWARD GRAY. The culprit had been loitering about the establishment for several hours, when the attention of the officer being drawn toward him, he chose watch and kept upon his movements. The result was, about 4 o'clock, GRAY picked up a carpet-bag belonging to one of the guests, and while he was in the act of carrying it off, was taken into custody by the officer, and conveyed to the Sixth Ward Station-house.

THE METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The Largest Crowd since Its Opening—The Sale of "Lady Woodward"—Receipts $30,261 70—Knickerbocker Kitchen, &c.

Yesterday, the tenth day of the great fair, was one of the most successful since its opening. From morning till night the buildings were crowded to their utmost, and many were turned away, unable to gain admission. More than 10,000 people visited the fair during the day and evening.

The statement that the pictures contributed by the artists, and on exhibition in the gallery, are to be offered at private sale, is stated by A. M. CONSTABLE, Esq., to be incorrect, who advises us that they are to be sold at auction. Due notice of time of sale will be given.

RECEIPTS.

The receipts yesterday were larger than they have been for several days past, and stand as follows:

Received for sales to 5 P. M.	$20,876 70
Received for admissions, Fourteenth-street	2,501 00
Received for admissions, Union-square	996 00
Received for donations	911 00
Total	$30,261 70

This includes the receipts of the Art Gallery and the Department of Arms and Trophies in the Sixth-st.

The receipts of the day at Union-square Building were:

From Children's Department	$700 00
From Knickerbocker Kitchen	716 00
From International Department	1,572 00
Total	$2,988 00

The following gross receipts have also been reported:

Union-square to date	$46,487 00
International Department to 15th inst.	1,000 00

The celebrated trotting horse *Lady Woodward*, presented by Rosina Vokes, was yesterday sold for $1,800. She was resold, however, in less than ten minutes, to JAMES IRVING, for $2,000.

THE SWORDS.

The sword excitement is as great as ever; yesterday there were six hundred and seventy-seven votes cast, making the total vote to last evening at the Fourteenth-street building 8,168:

Of which Gen. McClellan received	4,809
Gen. Grant	3,279
Scattering	45
Total, as above	8,133
McClellan's majority	1,530

One gentleman, in a bold hand, wrote the following on the subscription book, making 12 votes one hundred votes, and for which he paid $100:

McClellan to Hallock.

"REMEMBRANCE AWAY OR THE PENINSULA.
AUG. 4, 1862.

Clear in my convictions of right; strong in the consciousness that I have ever had pill on assisted solely by the love of my country; knowing that no selfish motives have influenced me from the commencement of the war, I do now what I have never done before—I entreat that this order may be countermanded."

[The above is an extract from McCLELLAN's letter to HALLECK, written at Harrison's Landing, begging to have the order to evacuate the Peninsula rescinded, that he might make another advance on Richmond.]

TABLEAUX VIVANTS.

An entertainment which ought to bring into the treasury a handsome sum is advertised in our columns, to begin at Hinton's Saloon on Monday evening. There and then a series of tableaux vivants will be presented, and it is enough to say regarding them, like Mr. J. W. CARPE, of the Academy of Music, will act as director, that he will have the assistance of Mrs. James B. CONSTABLE and Mrs. Robert N. BURNS. GRAFULLA's Seventh Regiment Band will furnish the music.

Union-Square Fair Refreshments.

THE KNICKERBOCKER KITCHEN.

An odor of hot buckwheat cakes pervades the vicinity of the kitchen, and the visitor who endeavors to partake of some of the best of that description of griddle cake that were ever cooked will find that he has not been deceived him. The ladies serve them up in genuine Dutch style. What if one does have to eat them with a steel fork, the respectable old Dutch burghers never had anything better, and it is doubtful if "Wouter" himself in all his glory had any forks at all. The ladies of the Knickerbocker Kitchen are succeeding in their enterprise beyond their most sanguine expectations as far as pecuniary matters are concerned; but people must remember that they cannot keep up their enterprise without large contributions of such things as they need for the table. The consumption of meats, tea, coffee, ham, &c., in the Knickerbocker has been so great that the stock is in danger of exhaustion. If ladies, like the members of this committee—the first in the City—are willing to devote their time and means, and to sacrifice their tastes and comfort, with an utter abnegation of self, for the sake of a noble charity, they should be punished in their efforts by all who appreciate the motives of the ones in behalf of which they are laboring.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NUMBER FORTY-SEVEN.

Not the least interesting of the booths in the Children's Department is No. 5, which is well filled with every variety of fancy goods, productions of the skill and industry of the young ladies of Public School No. 47. Miss LYDIA WEBSTER, the Principal of the school, and Miss FANNIE RUSSELL, one of her assistants, make rapid sales, but the energy and satisfaction of the young ladies of the school prevent any exhaustion of the stock, and the tables always look fresh and fairy.

AUNT FANNY.

"Aunt Fanny," well known to all juvenile readers as the writer of *Night Cap Stories*, *Pet Books*, and other similar popular works, has put into verse a beautiful and true story of *How Little Kate Reached at the Door of Heaven*. Messrs. SHELDON & Co. have produced five hundred copies for sale therefore to the fair, which the "dear little children" who read it in confidence ought to see that its sale does not drag.

CHILDREN'S TEMPERANCE.

The entertainments of yesterday afternoon met with a most decided success, and the hall was filled with children. Although some apprehension was expressed that the extra charge for admission would be distasteful to some of the holders of season tickets, yet when they reflected that this department was designed exclusively for children, that they control it should be surrendered to them only from 2½ to 5 P. M., and if adults were admitted without extra charge, the object for which it was intended would be to a great extent defeated, they generously resigned it to the young folks, who seemed delighted with the illustrative exercises in the light gymnastics by the pupils of Mrs. FLEURY's Academy of Physical Culture. The uniformity and harmony of the various movements of the forty misses and matrons in their exercises, were witnessed with admiration even by adults. Mr. JAMES B. CONSTABLE is deserving of much credit for having procured the passage of a resolution by the Executive Committee, authorizing him to regulate the prices of admission to the entertainments, and thus securing to the children the pleasure that was in many instances denied them by the large attendance of adults. The rates of admission are as follows:

For children—no extra charge, a ticket to the fair being only required. For those persons unfortunately accompanying children, 25 cents. For all others, 50 cents. The hall will be vacated at 2½ P. M., and the doors opened immediately afterward. To-day the famous Punch and Judy, by Mr. AMBROSE, from the Academy of Music, will delight the juveniles with its fantastic and comical performances. Mr. SHERMAN will also, by the kind permission of Mr. FRANK, of the Hippotheatron, repeat his novel entertainment with his dogs.

MARINE DISASTERS.

Loss of the Ship Elvira, of Boston, in the Bay of Bengal.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 14.

The ship *Elvira*, Capt. ANDREWS, from Calcutta, for Boston, with a valuable cargo, foundered in the Bay of Bengal on the 20th of January, during a hurricane. The Captain and first mate went down in the ship. The remainder of the crew took refuge on the ship's house, which was detached from the vessel. Before the night of the first day five of them were washed off the house and drowned. On the fourth day two others died, and on the 8th day one died. The survivors remained on the wreck until JANUARY 27, when they were taken off by the French bark *Cloe*, and subsequently landed at Point de Galle, Ceylon. Of the crew, 29 all told, only three were saved, viz.: W. M. H. PARKER second mate, of Southwick, Mass.; GEORGE D. BEARSE, third mate, of Dennis, and JAMES ANDREW, seaman, of Hingham. The *Elvira* was a fine ship of 1,198 tons, and was owned by WILLIAM F. WEBB & Co., of Boston. The vessel and cargo are largely insured in this city.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 14.

A private letter to Messrs. HOWES and CROWELL dated Point de Galle, states that a French vessel had arrived there with four men picked up, on a raft. They reported themselves as the survivors of the ship *Elvira*, Capt. ANDREWS, from Calcutta for Boston, foundered at sea. Capt. ANDREWS, his mate, and all hands, but the above-named four went down in the wreck.

The ship *Elvira* was insured for $50,000, and her cargo for $350,000. This insurance is about equally divided between New-York and Boston offices.

Damage to the Schooner Jennie Morton.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, April 14.

The schooner *Jennie Morton*, Averill, of Baltimore, from Matanzas for Portland, with sugar and molasses, struck on the south side yesterday, and washed eight hogsheads down deck load of molasses, and was presented without further damage.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARIEL.

GOLD FLOW IN TREASURY.

The steamer Ariel has arrived from Aspinwall with the California mails of March 31.

The Ariel brings GENERAL Intelligence and Financial advices to the 5th. The California dates are to March 27, and Callao to March 31.

The Chilian war ship Maria Cristina, of Valparaiso, is to leave shortly for Panama.

Large transactions are reported in the Valparaiso market, owing to rumors, the excitement in which had extended that Spain would become Hostile.

Gold was on the eve of elections, and the supporters of the present Administration were confident of a majority of two-thirds.

The rumors with Bolivia seemed little feasible, but it was the opinion that no harm would come from it.

The following is the Ariel's

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco.

Gold	$27,[illegible]	A. Rich & Bro	$2,[illegible]
Gold, bronze	[illegible]	Ho Wai Kinko & Co	[illegible]
Wm F. Sutton	[illegible]	Freeman, Sherman & Co	[illegible]
H. Cohen & Co	[illegible]	O. H. Grant & Co	[illegible]
Kinkle, Bates & Co	[illegible]	Wells, Fargo & Co	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]		

From Panama.

Thomas H. Field	[illegible]	Rhea & Hunter	$1[illegible]
Rand, L. Isaac	[illegible]	Total	[illegible]
From San Francisco			[illegible]
Grand Total			[illegible]

NICARAGUA.

ASPINWALL, Tuesday, April 5, 1864.

Capt. BEDFORD CLAPPERTON TREVELYAN FYE, of Her Britannic Majesty's Navy, came on the train to-day. [illegible] arrived in Panama by P. R. R. Co's steamer Saturday. Capt. Fye came from Costa Rica, where he has been to prepare the consent of that Government to the grant of a railroad from Monkey Point on the Atlantic, to Caldera on the coast of Nicaragua. Capt. Fye's mission principally [illegible] Nicaragua the last week of October.

The forces now from Nicaragua remain by the Government, [illegible] Dynamite, of his friends in Nicaragua, to have a conference of all the Ministers in the Central American States, from the United States, for the purpose of having them unite in a protest against the French occupation of Mexico, after the [illegible] of the Grand [illegible]. X.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.—There was a meeting of the shareholders of this Bank held yesterday afternoon, to take action in regard to the difficulties which are working in the Institution between the President and certain of the Directors. The proceedings were private and what was done has not transpired.

No Baby Should be Without Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP.—It is pleasant, reliable and harmless, and has stood the test of many years. It relieves the child from pain, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums and reduces all inflammation. It produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.—The unvarying efficacy of these in the relief of pulmonary complaints, coughs, and hoarseness, and their extensive sale, recommend them to the attention of public speakers, singers, and those whose business or pleasure it is to use the voice.—Christian Witness.

Dandruff, Dandruff, Dandruff.

DEMULCENT, DEMULCENT, DEMULCENT.

This entirely new comp. for Shaped and Shaded Bands, is made only by

J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 52 Park-row, N. Y.

To be had of all druggists and grocers.

"In Hoc Vincere."

ROMAINE'S CRIMEAN BITTERS.

I have always refused to sell any of the compounds known as tonic bitters. I believe them to be generally fallacious, and compounds of deleterious drugs; but from a careful trial of the CRIMEAN BITTERS, backed by the certificates of Drs. Chilton and Pohle, of New-York, I have no hesitation in recommending them to my friends and customers. No other bitters compare with them in delicate and refined flavor and medicinal qualities of a tonic and alterative character. Their long trials in United States Hospitals, and privately, stand the test of doubt.

FREDERICK S. COZZENS,

Agent Longworth Wines, No. 32 Warren-st., N. Y.

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and strictly with the Trade.

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at all prices, on the making of all other gold pens during the Treasury-note Gold Government Tax, but Morton has in no case changed his prices, whatever or cost.

Of the great numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past five years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety, showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Reader, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, nicely adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Premium Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen, cheaper, in proportion to the labor upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword," in another column.

W. Barnum's Self-sewer for all Sewing-machines, preserves the eye, avoids bending, no basting. No machine is complete without it. Price $1 25, with directions. Sent by mail free. Denoted to and for sale at the Pale, Fourteenth-street, in the sewing-machine room, and at the Inventor's headquarters, WILCOX & GIBB'S sewing-machine office, No. 508 Broadway, New-York.

Survey at a Glance

OF THE WHOLE FIELD OF THE FASHIONS, IN GENTLEMEN'S, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S HATS.

In order to do this you are invited to visit the Establishment of

GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

The largest and most completely stocked hat store in the United States. For the current season he has introduced upwards of one hundred new styles. It is gratifying fact, fully understood here to pay, that in his twenty Years' experience as a hatter, he has not only never [illegible] but has never sent an unsuccessful article out of his store. [illegible]

FASHIONS FOR ALL AGES.

as his store now contains the [illegible] in it.

GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

A New, Northern Tea Shop Manufactured.

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Finlayson's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Wonderful, Delicious and Fragrance Perfume; Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by FINLAYSON & SON.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR FINLAYSON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

Prof. Alex. G. Bevin's Thermometer or Medicated Compound, for preserving health and beauty, [illegible] Sold by all druggists.

[illegible]

AND OVERCOME REMOVER CHILDREN.

FOR THE HAIR [illegible]

Fashion Soldiers.—The Board of Surgeons and Surgeon-General U. S. Army, [illegible] patent Suspenders, [illegible] by the inventor, [illegible] Office, Philadelphia. New-York [illegible] Palmer's Lock, also

E. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Spring "Foot Coverings."—To gratify the laudable desire of unfettered feet in the hours of the heated season, DANTRELL has purchased an extensive stock, from which the wants of all can be promptly and cheaply supplied. His spring pattern for the ladies are especially beautiful. Make your purchases of his store, No. 355 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Dr. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Manna Strop.—The oldest and most approved Strop now in use, having been before the public for the last forty years. Can be had, wholesale and retail, of the inventor,

S. S. S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

MILPO Hair Dye, 50 Cents; Black or Brown, Natural, reliable. Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists. Inimitable hair tinter. Stylish hair, unrivaled in the best manner only at No. 1 Barclay-st. Shaving 10 cents.

Second-hand Safes for Sale.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

At No. [illegible] Maiden-lane.

Gaiters—Gaiters to Boots

And for Sale Very

C. W. WEBBER, JR., No. 436 Broadway,

Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Gold Pens.

FOLEY'S Celebrated "Reak" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.

Store and Factory, No. 169 Broadway.

Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots

and shoes, buckle and Balmoral boots, in great variety of our own manufacture.

SLATER'S, No. 3 Cortlandt-st., near Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines

SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Slightest Resistance Lock-stitch Sewing Machines.

No. 505 BROADWAY.

MARRIED.

OLARK—HOBBS.—On Wednesday, April 13, at Christ Church, by Rev. F. C. Ewer, Mr. Wm. W. OLARK to Miss Maria L. Hobbs, all of this City.

DUNMORE—MARSH.—On Tuesday, April 12, at St. Paul's Chapel, on Wednesday, April 13, by Rev. Morgan Dix, Rector, Mr. J. Montcalm Dunmore, son of the late Gen. Daniel E. Dunmore, to Miss SARAH E. JAMES, daughter of the late Col. J. Ottomy James, of California.

HILL—BOND.—On Thursday, April 14, at the Church of the Holy Communion, by Rev. Isaac Ivins, D. D., Mr. Wm. H. Hill, to Miss Ann Bond, youngest daughter of John Boyd, all of this City. No cards.

GRIFFIN—JONES.—On Thursday, April 14, at the Welsh Presbyterian Church, East 16th-st., New-York, by the Pastor, Rev. Wm. Rolleyn, Mr. Robert Griffin, New-York, to Miss Hannah Jones, of Monmouth.

OLIVER—OLIVER.—On Wednesday, April 13, by Rev. R. T. Hinson, Graham Lapon, to Ida Blanche, daughter of the late Wm. Oliver, both of this City.

WOOD—WATSON.—On Thursday, April 14, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. Dr. Montgomery, Henry R. Wood, of Lightbaugh, Penn., to Miss Sarah Watson, of this City.

DIED.

BENNETT.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, April 13, Capt. James C. Bennett, aged 50 years and 4 months. Twenty years a well and respected shipmaster out of the port of New-York.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at 3 o'clock on Saturday, the 16th inst., at Grace Church, Hicks-st., Brooklyn, without further notice.

BRIGGS.—At Peekskill, on Wednesday morning, April 13, of consumption, Lewis Y. Briggs, youngest son of Joseph and Maria Briggs, in the 23d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the Methodist Church, in Cortlandtville, Westchester County, N. Y., without further notice.

CAMPBELL.—Suddenly, on Thursday morning, April 14, JULIA FAIRLAY, wife of Allen Campbell, and daughter of the late Thomas A. Cooper.

Notice of the funeral hereafter.

DE LAMATER.—On Thursday, April 14, after a severe and lingering illness, ISAAC E., youngest son of the late Hendrick De Lamater, aged 21 years.

The friends of the family, and those of his grandfather, John De Lamater, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 517 West 36th-st., without further invitation, on Sunday, the 17th inst., at 2 P. M. His remains will be deposited in the family vault at the Reformed Dutch Church, 21st-st.

DRAKE.—On Wednesday, April 13, HORACE DRAKE, formerly of Little Falls, N. Y., aged 70 years.

Funeral of the family and friends, at the residence of his son-in-law, E. S. Bogardus, Tarrytown, April 15, at 10 A. M. [illegible]

ELDRIDGE.—On Wednesday, April 13, HANNAH, wife of Adam O. Eldridge, in the 56th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 102 [illegible], on Friday morning, at 11 o'clock.

HILLMAN.—On Thursday, April 14, at his late residence, No. 203 [illegible]-av., Mr. WILLIAM HILLMAN, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, on Sunday, the 17th inst., at 2 P. M., at the Mission House of the First Baptist Church, corner of Henry and Eighth-sts.

JARVIS.—On Wednesday, April 13, LORENZO JARVIS, aged 49 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, the 15th inst., from his late residence, No. [illegible] Bedford, at 11 o'clock.

LOCKWOOD.—In Milford, Connecticut, Wednesday, April 13, Mrs. Betsy B. Lockwood, wife of Frank V. Lockwood, Esq., of Cincinnati, aged 38 years.

Funeral on Friday, April 15, at 2 P. M., from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Lucy Baldwin, in Milford. Carriages will be in waiting at Fairfield, Fairfield County, on Thursday morning, April 14, after a painful illness of some weeks, Mr. ISAAC MARRIS, late merchant of Baltimore, Md., in the 80th year of his age.

His remains will be taken to Baltimore for interment.

☞ Baltimore papers please copy.

PARKER.—On Thursday evening, April 14, MARIA JANE, daughter of Jabez and Ann H. Parker, aged 17 years, 9 months and 6 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 187 West 26th-st., this day, (Friday,) the 15th inst., at 2 P. M.

RUSSELL.—In Rutgers, Monmouth County, N. J., on Wednesday, April 13, RACHEL C. RUSSELL, wife of Wm. C. Russell, deceased, and youngest daughter of the late Henry P. Havens, aged 41 years, 4 months and 27 days.

HAVENS.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 14, Mrs. Elizabeth R. Havens, aged 80 years.

Her friends and the friends of her brother, R. P. Wormuth, and of her son-in-law, David Edwards, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Madison-st., third house east of Bedford-av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 16th inst., at 3 P. M.

☞ Trenton, N. J., papers please copy.

SMITH.—At Cincinnati, on Sunday, April 11, Capt. DAVID H. SMITH, U. S. Navy, son of Henry and Sarah H. Smith, of Astoria, L. I., in the 30th year of his age.

His friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at the residence of his father, Astoria, L. I., on Friday, April 15, at 2 o'clock.

VOS.—In Utrecht, Netherlands, on Friday, March 25, Mrs. ANNA MARIA VOS, in the 80th year of her age.

Funeral, on Tuesday, April 19, at 10 A. M., Edward R. Wagner, aged 40 years.

The funeral will take place this day, (Friday,) the 15th inst., at half-past 2 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 121 Greenwich-st., Jersey City. The remains will be taken for interment to Lynn, Mass.

DRAWING OF THE SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF SHELBYVILLE, KENTUCKY.

EXTRA CLASS 170—April 14, 1864.

50, 2, 45, 4, 60, 66, 15, 36, 31, 40, 11, 69.

CLASS 169—April 14, 1864.

22, 47, 59, 48, 62, 14, 18, 42, 18, 27, 52, 76.

S. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers,

Covington, Ky.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, BODY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 170—April 14, 1864.

63, 42, 38, 9, 52, 68, 67, 34, 12, 6, 15, 70.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 169—April 14, 1864.

31, 30, 5, 35, 36, 76, 24, 62, 55, 11, 22, 32.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to

MURRAY, BODY & CO.,

Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

LOTTERY TICKETS CASHED IN ALL Legalized Lotteries, and information given, by

JOSEPH HAYS, Broker,

No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 1.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY-Ticket Office, Western union pay prizes; information free. Highest cash prices paid for gold, Government and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

BERG'S GARDEN.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE LADIES OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION, who made place in waiting that Mr. Wheatley, having generously placed the Garden at their disposal, the

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, April 16,

CINDERELLA;

OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,

will be presented

ENTIRELY BY CHILDREN,

SANITARY FUND,

for the benefit of the

the performance commencing at 3 o'clock P. M.

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Cinderella [illegible]

The Fairy Queen [illegible]

Queen [illegible]

Prince [illegible]

King [illegible]

Lady [illegible]

Lady [illegible]

Lady [illegible]

LADIES OF QUALITY.

AND OVERCOME REMOVER CHILDREN.

FOR THE HAIR [illegible]

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1864, which provides that in lieu of an equal amount of the loan authorized by the Act of March 3, 1862, to which this is supplementary, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the United States, not exceeding TWO HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS during the current fiscal year, and to prepare and issue Registered Coupon and Registered Bonds of the United States; and all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any State or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States Stock or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period not less than ten nor more than forty years from date, and each Bond bearing FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars intrinsically, and on all other Bonds more substantially.

The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual Coupons are payable in three years, and the initial Coupons on the fifty and one hundred dollar bonds are payable on the 1st of March.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the Books of the United States Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Registered bonds will be issued of the denominations of Fifty Dollars, ($50,) One Hundred Dollars, ($100,) Five Hundred Dollars, ($500,) One Thousand Dollars, ($1,000,) Five Thousand Dollars, ($5,000,) and Ten Thousand Dollars, ($10,000;) and Coupon Bonds of the denominations of Fifty Dollars, ($50,) One Hundred Dollars, ($100,) Five Hundred Dollars, ($500,) and One Thousand Dollars, ($1,000.)

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.

All these Bonds are exempt from municipal or State taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay over eight per cent. interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to readers as the various descriptions of United States Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities only, is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The fact that all duties on imports are payable in specie furnishes a fund for the payment of interest on all Government Bonds largely in excess of the wants of the treasury for this purpose.

Upon the receipt of subscriptions a certificate of deposit therefor, in duplicate, will be issued, the original of which will be forwarded by the subscriber to the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, with a letter stating the kind (registered or coupon) and the denominations of bonds required.

Upon the receipt of the original certificates at the Treasury Department, the bonds subscribed for will be transmitted to the subscribers respectively.

Subscriptions will be received by the *Treasurer of the United States* at Washington, and the *Assistant Treasurers* at New-York, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.

Second National Bank of New-York, 234 Broadway.

Fourth National Bank of New-York, Pine-st.

Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.

Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 840 Broadway.

New-York Exchange Bank, No. 128 Greenwich-st.

First National Bank of Philadelphia.

First National Bank of Baltimore.

First National Bank of Washington.

And by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money. All respectable banks and bankers throughout the country will furnish further information on application, and afford every facility to subscribers.

FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.

100 HANDSOME WHITE FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS,

SECOND SELECTION,

which we offer at 25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT from the prices charged for best selected goods. For use, they are as good in the best, AND ARE A BARGAIN as regards the price.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,

Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, cor. of Broome-st.

NOT FOUND WANTING.—IF A PLEASANT and effective purgative is wanted, you will find all this and more in Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills. In the colds and coughs now prevalent they cannot be too highly recommended. Sold by all Druggists.

NEW-YORK EAST CONFERENCE.

A correct list of the appointments may be found in this week's Methodist, No. 154 Nassau-st. Now ready. 5 cents per copy.

ESTABLISHED 1829.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,

Manufacturers of

SOAP AND CANDLES.

Pearl Hotted, Rosin Family, Genuine Cow tallow, Tallow and other Soaps constantly on hand.

Store No. 211 Washington-st. Factory No. 449 Washington-st. Merchants are requested to send for List of Prices.

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH."

FRANKLIN, THE GREATEST OF MODERN PHILOSOPHERS, remarks that "a penny saved is a penny earned." Instead of destroying your waste paper, preserve it, and receive its equivalent in cash, which we will pay for old newspapers of every description, whole or torn; old pamphlets of all kinds, old circulars, handbills, letters, cards, catalogues and old scrap-paper, in all the varieties in quantities large or small. Also, old writing paper and school-books, old blank-books, ledgers, &c., of any size. It matters not how much they may be written on or mutilated.

STOCKWELL & EMERSON, No. 25 Ann-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

of all descriptions

FOR SALE BY

GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 416 Broadway,

One door below Canal-st., Property No. 11 Wall-st.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS!

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new inventions in this and all foreign countries.

Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than thirty thousand inventors.

Pamphlets, containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. A [illegible] MUNN & CO.,

No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S

UTERINE CATHOLICON (Mandell's.)

An infallible cure for "Female Weakness," and all Uterine complaints of women.

Price $1, six for $5. Five bottles for $3.

THE GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS.

Unsurpassed by any other pills for family use, and for all internal ills to which the human frame is heir.

Address all orders to J. M. F. READON, M. D.,

Resident Physician Graefenberg Company,

No. 139 William-st., near Fulton, New-York.

[illegible]

DEAFNESS

IMPAIRED SIGHT,

NOISES IN THE HEAD,

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS

IN THE

THROAT,

CHRONIC CATARRH,

CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,

CURED.

CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 818

BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 459 Seventh-av., New-York, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

C. HOPKINS.

GREAT NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.

CATARRH CURED.

READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a gummy fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great nervousness and a continual coughing. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sensations. I may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is so unlike all to be successful. It is to my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS,

Lightning Calculator,

Saturday's Museum.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

HEAR.

HARLEM, July 20, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. Von Eisenberg operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now hear well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. Aver per/ectly. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,

Harlem, 126th-st., between Second and Third-avs.

No. 134 Allen-st., New-York, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other for above seventeen years, with a dangerous discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noises in the head, for which I have been treated by almost eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

Discarded Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured. Also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparingthis medical treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which form his modes of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

New-York, July 23, 1863.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a total loss of hearing. Dr. Von Eisenberg extracted from her ears great quantity of matter, together with congealed blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. His with grateful thanks shall give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL A. FOCE, No. [illegible]-st.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

New-York, March 28, 1863.

This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual shooting of the throat, the chills creeping over me while accompanied by a fever, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of success. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimony to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I cannot sufficiently recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once with Von Eisenberg with the certainty of being cured.

FREDERICK WEBER, Jr., Ninth-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE

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THE ORIGIN OF HER PRESENT CONFLICT, THE PROSPECT FOR THE SLAVE, HER CLAIM FOR ANTI-SLAVERY SYMPATHY.

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IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS FROM $40 TO $200 TO THE TRADE.

My stock of LEAF TOBACCO is well worth your attention, and I invite you to inspect it.

To my customers and the public, the information that I keep, as usual, a supply of

Choice Imported and Domestic Liquors on hand, which, together with my Wood and Willow Ware, I offer at low figures.

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METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The Dramatic Committee of the Metropolitan Fair, announce that, owing to the generosity of Mr. WILLIAM WHEATLEY and Mr. EDWIN BOOTH, the performances of

BERG'S GARDEN

on the evening of SATURDAY, April 16, will be for the benefit of the fund of the Fair. The first attraction, Mr. BOOTH will appear in

THE IRON CHEST,

and also in

KATHARINE AND PETRUCHIO.

The commission have taken the entire management of the Garden, in which Mr. Wheatley has placed the immense resources of his establishment, and the performances will be given under the personal direction of Mr. [illegible]

RICHARD GRAHAME, Chairman.

[illegible]

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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BEHAN'S NEW BOOK.

STUDIES IN RELIGIOUS HISTORY AND CHRISTIANITY. By Bruno Bauer, author of "The Life of Jesus." Translated from the latest French edition by Dr. O. Pfleiderer, of the Berlin University, and Dr. F. Wilson, Edinburgh. Biographical Introduction. Large octavo, cloth bound. Price $2 50.

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FINANCIAL.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT LOAN.
UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury I hereby give notice that I am prepared to receive subscriptions on account of United States bonds authorized by the act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at the rate of five per centum a year, payable on bonds not over $100 annually and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon bonds as they may prefer, and will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds, the accrued interest thereon, computed to the time of payment at the rate of five per centum per annum, on the amount of National Currency or Bonds bearing interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, payable quarterly, received from date, without the payments of interest from the 1st of March thereon, to the time of payment.

The usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to banks, bankers and brokers.

HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.

A. G. ALLEN, Cashier.

Messrs. WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, Bankers, No. 40 Wall-st., are authorized to receive subscriptions for this bank.

ALPINE GOLD COMPANY.

CAPITAL $1,000,000
SHARES ..... $100 each.

The property of this Company is situated in Gilpin County, Colorado Territory, and consists of 400 feet of mining claims on the following rich gold bearing lodes in Nevada district, viz:

ALPINE and "CALIFORNIA."

These claims are among the very richest and best in Colorado.

An equity with capital of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS has been subscribed for at par.

The balance of the stock will be offered for a limited time at fifty per share, at the office of E. F. B. GIBSON, Esq., No. 24 William-st., to-day at 12 o'clock.

OFFICERS.

E. F. B. GIBSON, President.
H. V. POOR, Secretary and Treasurer.

E. B. Palmer,
Cornelius S. Bushnell,
Henry J. Bigelow,
Henry V. Poor,
E. F. B. Gibson.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Capital $5,000,000

By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions to the

NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN,

issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863.

THIS LOAN IS

redeemable after ten and payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, interest and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the Loan will be received in any lawful money of the United States, that the accrued interest paid in coin or in National currency, adding fifty per cent. premium, until further notice.

GEORGE OPDYKE, President.

E. G. ROLSTON, Assistant Cashier.

CINCINNATI, WILMINGTON & ZANESVILLE RAILROAD CO.

The subscribers, in new York, to issue, in exchange for the Trustees' receipts, certificates for the new shares, and certificates of the Trustees under the new mortgage of the Cincinnati & Zanesville Railroad Co., for the new bonds, to which the parties to the reorganization of the Cincinnati, Wilmington & Zanesville Railroad Co. are severally entitled, respectively, are

CHARLES ROSAN, Trustee, No. 10 Wall-st.

New-York, April 8, 1864.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Hartford Mining Company, of Michigan, will be held on their premises, office, No. 41 Cedar-st., New-York City, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of April, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of organizing said company.

CAYLOR OGDEN, } Corporators.
WM. L. RICHMOND, }

New-York, April 4, 1864.

BENTON GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Subscriptions to the capital stock of the BENTON GOLD MINING CO. will receive attention at the office of the undersigned, at the office of JOHN SIMPKINS & CO., No. 40 Wall-st., on THURSDAY, April 14, 1864. Subscribers' rights to stock will be forfeited unless payment be made prior to the 15th inst. By order of the Trustees.

F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

SIXTH NATIONAL BANK.

Corner Broadway, Six-st. and Nassau, United States depositary, and fiscal agent. Subscriptions received for 10-40 bonds, and bonds held for immediate delivery or exchange.

Jno. W. E. Dorlon, Cashier.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the office of said company in Cleveland, on the 4th day of May, 1864, at 11 o'clock, to vote upon the question of leasing the said road and property to the Pennsylvania Company. The transfer books will be closed on the 21st day of April, and reopened on the 11th day of May.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE DUNCAN, President.

Cleveland, March 31, 1864.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

STAR GOLD MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO.

CAPITAL $20,000 SHARES.

ISSUED FOR THE PURCHASE OF MINING PROPERTY.

The property of this company comprises 20.661 feet on the best lode in Clear Creek County, over 4,000 feet of which are already developed, producing from $100 to $200 per cord, with the ordinary stamp mill; also, thirty-nine hundred feet of valuable water-power, and a twenty-four stamp mill in working order. Title undoubted.

TRUSTEES.

NATH'L HAYDEN, President Chatham Bank.
JNO. W. MOTT, President U. S. Warehouse Co.
JAMES T. DAY, President Providence and Boston Railroad Co.
SAM'L R. PLATT, Adriance, Platt & Co.
WM. E. BELCHER, Sackett, Belcher & Co.
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Messrs. PLATT, SERARD & BUCKLEY, New-York.
Messrs. WAKELY & REED, Colorado.

RESIDENT MANAGER AND SUPERINTENDENT.
JOHN SLAWSON,
Formerly of Cliff Mine, Lake Superior.

[illegible] shares of the stock are offered for sale at $10 per share. Books will be opened at the office of GEORGE S. SAMUEL BROWN, BANKERS, No. 31 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock.

A payment of $1 per share will be required at the time of subscribing, and the balance on 21st inst., when certificates will be delivered.

LOANS ON BONDS AND MORTGAGES AT six per Cent. interest will be made by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New-York. Apply at their office, No. 34 Broadway.

SAN ANTONIO SILVER MINING COMPANY, OF ARIZONA.

[illegible] SHARES—NOMINAL PAR, $20 EACH, [illegible] ONLY TO BE SUBSCRIBED FOR.

ISSUED FOR THE PURCHASE OF MINING CLAIMS AND PROPERTY IN ARIZONA.

TRUSTEES.

SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, Esq., President of the [illegible]
ANTHONY W. MORSE, Esq., of Morse & Co.
CHARLES LAMSON, Esq., of Charles H. Marshall & Co.
FREDERIC C. GEBHARD, Esq., of Schuchardt & Gebhard.
MATT. ELLIS, Esq., of Boston.
JAY CADY, Esq., of Schenectady.

PRESIDENT.
SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, Esq.

TREASURER.
CHARLES LAMSON, Esq.

BANKERS.
MESSRS. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD.

ATTORNEYS.
MESSRS. FOSTER & THOMSON.

Blocks of subscription for the purchase of Shares of this Company at $20 a share, are open at our office; $5 payable at the time of subscription, and the balance on May 2, 1864.

Attention is called to the letter of Sam. F. Butterworth, Esq., who has lately visited the property of the company.

MORSE & CO.,
No. 24 William-st., New-York.

APRIL 5, 1864.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

I visited this Mine in the month of December, 1863, accompanied by Guido Kustel, the most distinguished Metallurgist and Mining Engineer on the Pacific coast, for many years the Manager of the Ophir Works, and author of a valuable treatise on the "Processes of Silver and Gold Extraction," recently published in California. My opinion of the value and quality of this Mine is based on information derived from this gentleman, and on my own observations at the Mine.

The Mine is situated in Arizona, about three miles north of the northern boundary line of Sonora, and five miles distant from the celebrated Mowry Silver Mine; it is accessible at all seasons of the year, either by the way of Los Angeles, Etherstat, or Guaymas. But little work has been done in developing the mine; enough, however, to discover the width and extent of the lode and determine the quality and value of the ores.

Where the shaft is sunk, the vein is from four to six feet wide between lime-rock and garnet, running east and west, and exhibits galena or sulphurets of lead, carbonate of lead, zinc-blend and copper-pyrites; the richest in the sulphurets of lead, assaying one hundred and fifty-five dollars per ton; the vein has been prospected about half a mile (Mr. Kustel, in his letter addressed to the San Francisco assayer, says: "The San Antonio lode appears, where the shaft is sunk, a good wide vein of ore, easy to reduce by fire, and will pay, as an average, according to the proportions of the different metals, from seventy to ninety dollars per ton.")

I believe there is an abundant supply of this ore, and that by an expenditure of a comparatively small sum of money, the mine can be put in a condition to produce 40 tons per day; if this ore averaged only $60 per ton, the gross product of the mine would exceed $2,400 per day; the entire cost of mining and reducing a ton of this ore will not exceed twenty dollars.

On the premises, about 200 yards from San Antonio lode, in a N. E. direction, there is a very rich copper lode, six feet wide; the ores which we obtained from this lode, considered a Silver mine, assayed 40 per cent. of copper and $70 in silver. Miners can be obtained in any number in the immediate vicinity, at about $10 per month.

The reduction works of the mine are three miles distant from the mine, consisting of a small engine and two furnaces. There is an abundance of wood and water for all purposes on the property.

I consider the San Antonio a very valuable Silver Mine, if worked with skill and energy, it will produce most satisfactory results.

SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Cor. Greenwich and Fulton-sts.,
NEW-YORK, April 13, 1864.

AT AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Company, held on Tuesday, 12th inst., the following gentlemen were unanimously elected for the ensuing year, viz:

Leonard Kirby,	Thos. C. Rossbins,	Geo. W. Elder,	
D. R. Martin,	J. H. Buddleston,	Jas. C. Gulick,	
W. B. Skidmore,	Samuel Hoaxie,	Thomas Reed,	
John Cantron,	John Kennedy,	C. C. Rich,	
Benjamin Lee,	Jos. J. Fisk,	Daniel L. Rode,	
Geo. W. Savage,	Joseph Colwell,	G. G. Trotin,	
Henry Elsworth,	John Hunter,	W. W. Price,	
Thomas Suter,	Joel D. Hunter,	C. A. Knapp,	
Wm. Sparks,	Aaron Ely,	Jas. M. Price,	
Nelson Chalfant,	Benjamin Coon,	Geo. Opdyke,	
Wilson G. Hunt,	C. H. Ludlington,	W. P. Havemeyer,	
W. L. Dayton,	Geo. Wheaton,	Harvey Weed,	
Henry Dyer,	Fred Lucey,	Nath. Smith,	
David Dugnald,	A. A. Lowe,	John Kemper,	
J. M. Benedict,	Thos. T. Stanley,	D. D. Brownson,	
L. M. Luther,	M. B. Carpenter,	S. R. Livermore,	
John J. Morris,	Robt. McLaughlin,		

and the following gentlemen, viz:

Chas. E. Cruban,	Francis Jenkins,	Hester Armstrong,

were elected inspectors of the election, and at a subsequent meeting of the Board Leonard Kirby, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.

ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 54 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS

for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various denominations, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1864.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY THE SECRETARY of the Treasury to commence the payment of the coupons for the five-twenty bonds falling due on the 1st proximo.

When full coupons are presented in numbers of thirty (30) or more, or fractional coupons in numbers of twenty (20) or more, they must be accompanied by a schedule for examination.

Checks will be given for them in the order in which they are received, as soon thereafter as the examination can be completed.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the interest desk of this office.

(Signed) JOHN J. CISCO,
Assistant Treasurer.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO receive subscriptions for the new

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

Coupon or Registered Bonds will receive Bonds carrying interest, in coin, from March 1, 1864, and will have to pay, in addition to the principal, the accrued interest in coin or in currency adding 50 per cent., up to the day of subscription.

U. S. 5 per cent. Certificates, 5-20 Bonds, and all other U. S. Securities	Bought and Sold at market rates
Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c.,	

W. A. HEREON, No. 40 Wall-st.
(Fourth National Bank Building.)
New-York.

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 63 WALL-ST.,
New-York, April 1, 1864.

AT AN ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY, held the 30th ultimo, the following persons were chosen Directors, for the ensuing year, viz:

Wm. Allen,	Sidney Mason,	John Stewart,
Rufus L. Lord,	Peter Goelet,	Jas. W. DeForest,
Thos. Barron,	Robt. B. Minturn,	Jas. E. Johnson,
Herbert Tuska,	Thos. W. Pearsall,	Henry Bulls,
Henry Elsworth,	James Cotting,	Rich. Mortimer,
Aug. H. Ward,	C. S. Spencer,	E. H. Browne,
E. R. Worth,	John Caswell,	M. J. Wesley,

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, W. P. ALMER, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.

ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

FOR SALE—$1,000 LONG ISLAND 6 PER CENT Bonds, interest payable January and July.

$[illegible] Illinois State 6 per cent. Stock of 1877.

[illegible] shares Union Wooden Telegraph Stock at 50c.

[illegible] shares Hickory Railroad Company.

GEO. R. SISTARE, No. 78 Williams-st., Room No. 4.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, will be held at the office, on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock A. M., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

[illegible] 1, 1864. C. YOUNGLOVE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

THE BROAD TOP
COAL AND IRON COMPANY.

CAPITAL $3,000 SHARES OF $50 EACH.

Books of Subscription for a limited number of shares of this Company will be opened at our office on WEDNESDAY, 13th April.

JEROME, RIGGS & CO.,
No. 48 Exchange-place.

$1,000,000 LOAN OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.

PROPOSALS FOR $1,000,000 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.

(Using the Balance not awarded on Bids for $2,000,000 opened April 8, 1864.)

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until Saturday, April 16, 1864, at 12 o'clock M. (12), when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of One Million Dollars of the "Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," authorized by an Ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, passed March 18, 1864, and by an Act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 8, 1864, being the amount not awarded on bids for $2,000,000 opened April 8, 1864.

The said bonds will bear interest, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemable as follows: Five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1880, and five hundred thousand dollars Nov. 1, 1882.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK—DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
April 4, 1864.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

BRIGGS' GOLD COMPANY.

MINES—BRIGGS AND GREGORY LODES.

GILPIN COUNTY, COLORADO.

CAPITAL 10,000 SHARES, $100 each.

TRUSTEES.

J. SMITH BRIGGS, Colorado.
GEO. M. PULLMAN, Chicago.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
HENRY COGGILL, New-York.
C. C. ALGER, Hudson, N. Y.
WM. C. ANGELL, Providence, R. I.
R. CORNELL WHITE, New-York.

President—J. SMITH BRIGGS.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—J. S. WOODWARD.
Mining Superintendent—CHAS. H. BRIGGS.

Office No. 26 CLIFF-ST., New-York.

DREXEL, WENTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

JERSEY CITY BONDS.
TWENTY YEARS TO RUN.
COUPONS PAYABLE 1ST OF OCTOBER AND APRIL, IN NEW-YORK.

For sale by

G. S. ROBBINS & SON,
No. 44 WILLIAM-ST.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS.

Your Trustee hereby informs and notifies you that the Company have made the payment of the Sinking Fund April 1, last, and that we have terminated, by lot for payment, as required by the Trust Deed, the following numbered bonds, viz:

[illegible] 180, 244, 258, 260, 324, 444, 566, 697, 711, 714, 1[illegible], 1[illegible], 1,037, 1,[illegible], 1,[illegible], 1,411, 1,511, 1,604, 1,[illegible], 2,047, 2,[illegible], 2,067, 2,108, 2,[illegible] of $1,000 each, and 2,812, 2,[illegible], 2,[illegible], 2,630 of $500 each.

The holders of the bonds thus designated for payment can receive their money, at any and intervening time, surrendering the bonds to us, at the office of W. Schall & Co., No. 16 Exchange-place, City of New-York.

The above bonds will not draw interest after July 1, 1864. The next payment will be due October 1, 1864.

W. SCHALL, }
M. A. COWDREY, } Trustees.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELLERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

LIVERMORE, ULLWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all Descriptions,
Bought and for Sale.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and Sold on Commission.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.

7-10 TREASURY NOTES
converted into 1881 Bonds.

6 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

OFFICE ARIZONA MINING COMPANY,
No. 36 PINE-ST.,
New-York, April 7, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN IN ACcordance with a resolution of the Board of Trustees of the Arizona Mining Company, passed this day, that Books will be opened at this office, for ten days from the date of this publication, for subscription for the Balance of the Reserve Stock of said Company, of $25 per Share, in Gold, payable in four monthly installments, as follows:

Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day May, 1864.
Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day June, 1864.
Ten Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day July, 1864.
Five Dollars per Share, in Gold, on 1st day August, 1864.

The Stock will be issued, on payment of the last installment.

SAM. F. BUTTERWORTH, President.

E. MORGANS' SONS,
NO. 52 WILLIAM-ST.

Checks on the New-Orleans Canal and Banking Company for sale, to meet to suit. Collections upon New-Orleans made, and New-Orleans Securities bought.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 60 Wall-st.,
Issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

THE NEW ISSUE OF
ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP,
Purchased by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 40 Pine-st.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York, due May 1, 1864, will be paid on MONDAY, May 2, by DANIEL DENIAN, Sec., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer books will be closed TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF NEW-YORK, April 1, 1864.

VERMONT VALLEY RAILROAD CO. [illegible] First and Second Mortgage Bonds for sale. [illegible] GEO. T. DUNHAM, [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK
No. 2 Wall-st., New-York.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FISCAL AGENT OF UNITED STATES.

NATIONAL 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

By instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, dated March 26, 1864, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the National 10-40 Five Per Cent. Loan, in coupon bonds or registered certificates, redeemable after ten, and payable forty years from date, in coin, and will allow to banks, bankers and brokers the usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent.

This loan bears gold interest (payable semi-annually, on coupon and registered bonds of $100 and over, and annually on bonds of the denominations of $50 and 100 dollars.

In subscribing, parties are requested to pay the accrued interest from the first of March to the day of subscription, in coin, or in currency adding fifty per cent. premium.

The interest on this Loan is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual coupons are payable at these dates, and the annual coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar bonds are payable on the first of March.

The Secretary of the Treasury closes his instructions in the following words:

On the above terms, the First National Bank of the City of New-York, of which you are the President, is authorized to receive subscriptions to the National 10-40 Loan, and it is hoped that its exertions—on the most energetic and active employment of which great reliance is placed—will be crowned with complete success.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To E. C. THORNTON, Esq., President.

The coupon bonds will be ready for delivery early in April, and registered bonds about the first of May.

Subscriptions may be made in legal tender notes, National Bank notes, or in drafts, &c., on this City, addressed

JAMES CUMPSTY,
Cashier First National Bank.

NEW-YORK, March 28, 1864. New-York.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of 1881.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND COMMISSARY VOUCHERS, the (NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 5 WALL-ST.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS
AT NO. 240 BROADWAY.
CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

DIRECTORS.

J. T. SANGER.....Formerly of Wm. H. Carr & Co.
E. L. FANCHER.....No. 220 Broadway.
JOHN ELLIOT.....Of Riggs & Co., Wall-st.
LEWIS EINSTEIN.....Of Lewis Einstein & Co.
JOHN FALCONER.....Of Secretan, Gilding Mason & Co.
HENRY J. BAKER.....Of H. J. Baker & Brother.
ALBERT G. EEE.....Of Collins, Lee & Co.
D. L. ROSS.....Of Ross, Dempster & Co.
D. L. ROSS, President.

J. H. Stout, Cashier.

HARTFORD MINING COMPANY,
MICHIGAN.
CAPITAL, $[illegible]
20,000 SHARES, $25 PER SHARE.

WORKING CAPITAL IN THE TREASURY, $[illegible]

The subscribers, as the only authorized agents, offer for sale a limited amount of this Copper Stock, at one-half its par value, or $12 50 per share.

Exhibit of the Company's valuable property will be furnished on application.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
No. 61 Cedar-st., New-York.

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS. A liberal commission will be allowed parties subscribing at this Bank.

D. L. ROSS, President.

JOHN H. STOUT, Cashier.

10-40
SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY,
H. S. MESSINGER, Banker, No. 138 Broadway.
The usual commission of ⅛ allowed to banks and bankers.

SIMONSON & BROWN
offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.

No. 60½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

MINING STOCKS,
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or elsewhere, on commission, by ALBERT H. SIGOURNEY, No. 57 William-st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 52 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of April, 1864, the bonds of the company bearing interest at 10 per cent. Bonds to be presented to Charles D. Hubbard and Morris K. Jesup, Trustees, and that after that date interest on the said bonds will cease.

M. K. JESUP & CO.,
Agents St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.

NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS, held this day, Mr. SANFORD DUNE was unanimously elected to fill the vacancy in the Board of Directors occasioned by the resignation of James N. Cole, Esq., and the following resolution was passed unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of this board be presented to James N. Cobb, Esq., for the able, efficient and satisfactory manner in which he has discharged the duties of President of this company.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIdence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized and conducted according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.

(Seal.) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

OFFICE OF THE MINNESOTA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
MINNEAPOLIS, March 14, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT there will be a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company held at No. 52 William-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 25th day of April next, at 12 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the increase of the capital stock thereof from one million five hundred thousand to two million dollars, and to transact such other business as may come before said meeting. By order of the Board of Directors.

E. CHAMBERLAIN, President.

CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE, No. 5 Nassau-st.,
NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have ready for hire. Their tonnage, standing room, &c., will be required.

BENJAMIN F. TAYLOR,
Major and Q.-M. U. S. Volunteers.

OFFICE OF WM. & JNO. O'BRIEN,
No. 40 WALL-ST.

WE ARE PREPARED TO RECEIVE SUBscriptions for the
UNITED STATES 10-40 LOAN AT PAR.
The usual one-eighth allowed to bankers and brokers.
Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
WM. & JNO. O'BRIEN.

FINANCIAL.—FOR SALE, A MORTGAGE FOR $2,500 at 7 per cent. on real estate in Passaic, New-Jersey, worth double the amount. Address Box 1,[illegible] Post-office, New-York.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Independence, Room No. 1, [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

U. S. 5 PER CENT.
10-40 BONDS.
We keep on hand for immediate delivery an assortment of bonds of this new issue.

VERMILYE & CO.,
No. 44 Wall-st.

BLACK HAWK
GOLD MINING COMPANY.

MINES—BOBTAIL, GREGORY, &c., LODES, GILPIN CO., COLORADO.

CAPITAL $[illegible] SHARES, $100 EACH.

TRUSTEES.

E. H. JUDD, New-York.
W. LEW, Colorado.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
GEO. BLISS, Jr., New-York.
G. W. CHASE, New-York.
J. E. WILLIAMS, New-York.
J. HALL PLEASANTS, Baltimore.
EDWARD SWETT, Washington.
CARLOS PIERCE, Boston.

President—E. H. JUDD.
Vice-President—W. LEW.
Treasurer—WALTER S. LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—JOHN S. WOODWARD.
General Director—MILO LEE.
OFFICE NO. 26 CLIFF-ST., NEW-YORK.

UNITED STATES GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Organized under the laws of the State of New-York. Capital stock $1,000,000 in 1,000 shares of $100 each.

TRUSTEES.

WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., New-York.
WM. A. BOOTH, New-York.
W. E. BOOTH, New-York.
JAMES D. FISH, New-York.
W. E. GOSSIN, Chicago.
H. H. BOODY, New-York.
LOWELL HOLBROOK, New-York.

WM. WHITEWRIGHT, Jr., President.
H. H. BOODY, Vice-President.
F. M. STEPHENS, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. H. SCUDDER, Counsel.

Books of subscription for the sale of 37,500 shares of the capital stock of this company will be opened at the office of H. T. MORGAN & CO., No. 32 William-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., and close at 3 o'clock P. M. of the same day. Should a larger number of shares than that above indicated be subscribed for, they will be allotted by the Trustees.

Subscribers for 500 shares and upwards will be allowed to deposit one-fifth of the amount of their subscribing, the balance on the call of the Trustees.

The Trustees will reserve $[illegible] as a working capital.

NEW-YORK, April 14, 1864.

NOTICE

TO THE ASSENTED CREDITORS OF THE LATE CHICAGO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD; THE CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS, OR ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.

MISC.

TAKE NOTICE, That by virtue of powers vested in them under bondholders' agreement of date 10, 1860, and under the alterations and modifications thereof, passed July 8, 1862, July 22, 1863, and Oct. 22, 1863, that the Trustees require you to bring in and cause any and all of the assented bonds and coupons in your possession, of the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad; the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis; or St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad Companies, to them, at the office of the undersigned, No. 48 and 50 Exchange-place, Boston, Nos. 10 and 20, on or before noon of the fifteenth day of May, 1864, together with proof of the five per cent. having been paid thereon.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE, That from and after the aforenamed day and hour, the Trustees will no longer receive said bonds or coupons, or acknowledge the same as entitled to the benefits of the agreement for reorganization, and will proceed to wind up their trust in such manner as under advice of counsel they shall deem best and proper. By order of the Trustees.

L. M. MEYER, Chairman.

New-York, April 6, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 161 BROADWAY, New-York, April 11, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS, held this day, the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen:

Timothy C. Churchill,	A. L. Ferris,	
George Opdyke,	E. H. Van Anden,	
Montagnie Wade,	Elias C. Brown,	
Elon Bulkley,	Richard S. Falconer,	
Joseph W. Meeks,	Dexter A. Hawkins,	
Wilson G. Hunt,	S. P. Rabor,	
Daniel Drake,	Jas. Lee,	
Elliot C. Cowdin,	Enoch Chamberlain,	
Edwin O. Tufts, of Boston,	Thomas F. Way,	
John L. Mestaroom,	Lloyd S. Brown,	
James Bantlin,	Charles S. Chandler,	
Isaac N. Seymour,	Geo. F. Codington, Jr.,	
John Gilmer,	Chas. S. Wooster,	
John Jennings,	Edward Gilmer,	
Charles Denison,	Charles M. Cotting,	
George S. Satterlee,	John De Bayes,	
A. H. Cornell,	Wm. H. Lee,	
James A. Simpson,	George L. Ringland,	
Francis Lathrop,	Jas. Boorman,	
Edward Ketcham,	Wm. H. Godfrey,	

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, Timothy C. Churchill, Esq., was unanimously reelected President.

EDWARD KEMBYE, Secretary.

FOR SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN appointed a committee by the Stockholders to make sale of the OAKLAND & PITTSBURGH AND RIVERSVILLE RAILWAYS, or either of them, with equipments, stock, &c., and will receive bids therefor until MAY 1, proximo. If not sold by that time, proposals will be received for the lease and sound of the respective railways.

Notice of the disposal of the equipments, &c., will be given after May 1, aforesaid.

For particulars refer to either of the undersigned.

WM. A. HEREON,
JOSHUA RHODES,
SAMUEL BORROW,
CHARLES NEVEAN,
A. S. BELL,
Committee.

THE ANTHRACITE GAS LIGHTING AND HEATING COM

SHIPPING.

NORTH GERMAN AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COBH HARBOR.

ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Saturday, April 9.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 20.
AUSTRALIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 4.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 18.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 18.

Other Cabin Passage ..... $150 to $80
Steerage Passage ..... $35 to $30
Children under 12 years ..... half price
Children under 1 year $5
Other Cabin Passage ..... $110 to $80
Steerage Passage ..... $35 to $30
Children under 12 years ..... half price
Children under 1 year $5

Drafts on London, payable on demand, for £1 and upwards, at the rate of £1 to the equivalent in United States currency.

Passage can be secured until paid for.

Prepayment of passage not required.

Passengers forward from other cities will find it advantageous to purchase their tickets before leaving their homes, as the facilities for obtaining Cabin Passage are greatly increased by the possession of a ticket.

Passengers booked through to Cobh, Liverpool, London, Paris, and all points in Ireland, Scotland, Wales, France, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Gibraltar, Malta, Alexandria, Egypt, Madeira, Canary Islands, Cape de Verde Islands, Brazil, Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, Valparaiso, Panama, Aspinwall, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Calcutta, Melbourne, Sydney, Adelaide, Port Natal, Cape of Good Hope, Mauritius, Ceylon, Madras, Bombay, Pondicherry, Point de Galle, Penang, Singapore, Batavia, Manila, Canton, Macao, Amoy, Foochow, Ningpo, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Vancouver's Island, Victoria, Portland, San Francisco, Acapulco, Mazatlan, Guaymas, La Paz, San Blas, Panama, Aspinwall, Kingston, Havana, Vera Cruz, Tampico, Matamoras, Galveston, New-Orleans, Mobile, Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Dubuque, Keokuk, Leavenworth, Omaha, Denver City, Salt Lake, Fort Kearney, Fort Laramie, Fort Bridger, Fort Hall, Fort Boise, Fort Walla Walla, Fort Colville, Fort Vancouver, Fort Simpson, Fort Yukon, Fort Kamiskaw, Fort Hope, Fort Langley, Fort Hope, Fort Yale, Fort Kootenay, Fort Colville, Fort Walla Walla, Fort Boise, Fort Hall, Fort Bridger, Fort Laramie, Fort Kearney, Salt Lake, Denver City, Omaha, Leavenworth, Keokuk, Dubuque, Milwaukee, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Portland, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, New-Orleans, Galveston, Matamoras, Vera Cruz, Tampico, Havana, Kingston, Aspinwall, Panama, Acapulco, Mazatlan, Guaymas, La Paz, San Blas, Vancouver's Island, Victoria, Portland, San Francisco, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Nagasaki, Manila, Canton, Macao, Amoy, Foochow, Ningpo, Shanghai, Hong Kong

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Continued from the First page.

opportunity of being heard. He felt compelled to demand the previous question.

On Tuesday, Mr. Blackburn had raised a point of order that Mr. Brandegee substituted for Mr. Cox's resolution, declaring Mr. Lowe an unworthy member of this House, was not in order, because not pro tem. Mr. Rollins, of New-Hampshire, demanded the substitute be in order. It did not propose to expel Mr. Lowe for words spoken in Senate, but to the publication of his speech in New-York, show him to be in favor of the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, and stigmatize the traitors in arms against the Government.

The Speaker pro tem. declared Mr. Brandegee's substitute in order.

Mr. Blackburn, of Wisconsin, (Dem.,) appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The question being taken, the Chair was sustained—yeas 79, nays 65.

Mr. Colfax said, as Mr. Brandegee's proposition would occupied a similar object, he would accept it for his own, to expel the gentleman from Ohio, as it was evident a sufficient number of votes could not be obtained for expulsion. He demanded the previous question.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, (Dem.,) wanted to move to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Davis, of Maryland, (Union,) gave notice that he should renew the original resolution of expulsion.

The question was stated, "Shall the main question be now put?"

Mr. Cox demanded the yeas and nays.

Mr. Colfax remarked that no delays were intended, he had better proceed with his remarks.

Mr. Cox replied that he and his friends did not want to delay, but they thought on a question of such importance there ought to be a record of names.

The main question was then ordered to be put—yeas 78, nays 71.

Mr. Conkling asked the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Pendleton) asked on Tuesday, "Where are we?" He would answer. We are in the Capital of the United States—of that Republic which still lives in spite of conspiracy and treason, of armed open and covert, with or without arms in their hands, within and without our lines—and which, thanks to God and to our gallant soldiers in the field, will live as long as time shall last. At such a time and in such a place with the enemy almost at the gates of the capital, the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Lowe) declares that our country is dead and destroyed, and advocates recognition of black eleven States from our banner—to receive in that diplomatic gallery an envoy accompanying the present of Mount or Bazaar, representing here a government founded on our own soil—and invading the bulwarks of Arlington Heights with hostile batteries threatening our deliberations in this hospital. Mr. Cox had rallied the Democracy extraordinary. He had a recalled and a justification. That same gentleman (Cox) entertained in the same speech that his Democratic colleagues from Ohio had met in caucus to disavow the sentiments of his colleague, (Lowe;) and, further, that he (Cox) was authorized so to declare. It was so extraordinary that thirteen gentlemen of the same political party should deem it to be their duty to attach in caucus and authorize one of their number to publicly disavow the speech, as for him to offer the resolution. If that could be done for the interests of a party, why should he (Colfax) be criticised for asking the House to solemnly repudiate the speech for the honor of the Republic?

Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, (Dem.,) remarked that he did not know that there had been a caucus, and that his colleague (Cox) had no authority to speak in his behalf.

Mr. Cox—I desire to say that as to the caucus of Ohio Democrats—though I was not present—eleven of my colleagues concurred in and authorized the statement that they did not agree that the sentiment ascribed to my colleague (Lowe) was the sentiment of the Democracy.

Mr. Colfax, resuming, repeated that he had brought forward his resolution from an imperative conviction of duty, and in accordance with his right as a representative, as the occupant of the chair, he was the servant of the House; but on the floor, as a representative from Indiana, he was the equal of all others—no more, no less. He would not relinquish the chair because if he had left it to enter the floor he would be forbidden to proceed. He would have offered the resolution if the next member had driven him into private life. Before he proceeded to analyze the speech of the gentleman from Ohio, he desired to advert to something which had been said on the Opposition side. The gentleman from Ohio, (Cox,) while pleased to speak highly of his fairness as the Speaker of the House, said that he had descended from the chair to the floor of the House. But he had an illustrious example in one whose alien latitude he was unworthy to tread, but who had filled the seat the generosity of the House had given him; him of the lion-heart and eagle-eye, unfettered by some while living, revered by all now that he has passed to the celestial land. Mr. Clay, during the war of 1812, came down from the chair, not once, but frequent the

Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) supposed the gentleman alluded to the period of 1812, when the Speaker of the House descended from his position to reply to the remarks of Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts. But Mr. Clay did not move a resolution of expulsion.

Mr. Cox said that in the Congress of 1812-13, Mr. Clay came down from the chair nine times to make speeches in one session, and six times in the next.

Mr. Mallory—Did Mr. Clay ever move to expel a member?

Mr. Cox replied that Mr. Clay's speeches were on the side of his country, and that Statesman never shunned which the words he used, which were far severer than any he ever used here.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, (Union,) called upon Mr. Mallory to state what language Josiah Quincy used to justify Clay's speech.

Mr. Mallory did not recollect the precise words. He recollected that Mr. Quincy denounced the war as being causeless and against the interests of Massachusetts, and his constituents were opposed to it.

Mr. Dawes said Josiah Quincy was one of the most venerable, and distinguished statesmen of the land. He knew Mr. Quincy was opposed to the War of 1812. But as a lover of his country he had no equal.

Mr. Mallory said the gentleman could not get Kentucky and Massachusetts into collision.

Mr. Colfax resuming, said it may one had remarked at that time that traitors should be permitted to vitiate their emissary on our soil, he believed that Mr. Clay, with his patriotic imperiousity, would have moved to expel such member from this floor. This was an illustrious example, as called by Mr. Fernando Wood, as it was when, and with weapons sought to repress discussion in behalf of freedom. That time had passed away. They were now as patriots, as representatives to discharge the duties committed to their charge.

Mr. Colfax quoted some remarks attributed to Mr. Wood, when the latter said it was not true.

Mr. Colfax said he took it from the New-York Herald. He supposed that was good authority. If the gentleman said his Berrien speech was incorrectly reported, he would let it pass. His colleague (Mr. Voorhees) had declared himself in favor of unlimited freedom of speech. If a man should rise here and advise the assassination of the President, would his language have adequate and such freedom of speech? And yet the speech of the gentleman from Ohio had not only encouraged the assassination of the Republic, but also of the soldiers defending it. His colleague had quoted the inculcations of the Saviour. He (Colfax) had been taught to bow to them with respect and authority, but found the Saviour himself prohibited free speech when he prohibited profanity. His colleague had said something about the Helper book. He (Colfax) had been asked to give his name as recommending a work containing Northern with Southern derivations. He had opportunity and had found some pretended extracts from it forgeries. With great old charge before his district he was reflected by 8000 majority. Notwithstanding what had been said by the gentlemen who opposed the resolution he (Colfax) contended that the speech of the gentleman from Ohio did encourage sedition and would stimulate assassins as had taken place in New-York and elsewhere, and would be hailed with applause in Richmond and in the rebel camps, and would discourage our veterans as they prepared for battle. It would, if treasonable here, justify Jeff. Davis and recognition meetings elsewhere. In the course of his remarks Mr. Colfax said the prominent offence of Joshua R. Giddings in 1842 was the declaration that Slavery did not exist in the ships of the United States on the high seas.

Mr. Boyce asked whether Mr. Giddings was censured or expelled?

Mr. Colfax said Mr. Giddings was censured, and under the previous question, but regarded it as a virtual expulsion and resigned. A widely-circulated paper had compared Mr. Lowe to Cranmer, and spoke of the resolution he (Colfax) had offered as a blasphemy, as a disgrace and outrage. He would retort on no one, but he wanted no public opinion of his conscience than that he had done all of his duty to his country according to his conscience. (Great applause.) He wanted the voice to be uttered, as gentlemen on the other side contended, who disclaim his there responsible. He had contended that those guilty of the crime of treason for Slavery, and nothing but lowering treason and blows for Freedom. Then there was only mild rebuke. He would rather have the "God bless you!" of some poor soldier's widow, or of the love of the soldiers for which he had done in behalf of freedom, than the applause of all the Copperheads of the country. If his own brother, under the stringent oath required, and made that speech, he would have pursued the same course toward him—not that he loved him less, but his country more. In framing his resolution, he had conferred with no member of this House. He took the responsibility alone. The only member to whom he did state his purpose was the gentleman from New-Hampshire, (Rollins,) a few minutes only before he requested him to temporarily occupy the chair. But he did confer with one life-long friend, and after he mentioned to him his purpose, he tried asked: "Do you not know they will offer your resolution, you will make yourself a target of attack?" He replied that he had counted the cost, and was willing, for the sake of his country, to become the target of attack